



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AND
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2020 | FIRST QUARTER
MORGUARD
NORTH AMERICAN
RESIDENTIAL REIT

EXPANSION FROM
DECISIVE ACTION



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

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PART I

Morguard North American Residential Real Estate Investment Trust (“Morguard Residential REIT” or the “REIT”) is pleased to provide this review of operations and update on our financial performance for the three months ended March 31, 2020. Unless otherwise noted, dollar amounts are stated in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per suite and REIT trust unit (“Unit”) amounts.

The following Management’s Discussion and Analysis (“MD&A”) sets out the REIT’s strategies and provides an analysis of the financial performance for the three months ended March 31, 2020, and significant risks facing the business. Historical results, including trends that might appear, should not be taken as indicative of future operations or results.

This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the REIT’s unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019. This MD&A is based on financial information prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) and is dated April 28, 2020. Disclosure contained in this document is current to that date unless otherwise noted.

Additional information relating to Morguard Residential REIT, including the REIT’s Annual Information Form, can be found at www.sedar.com and www.morguard.com.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS DISCLAIMER

Statements contained herein that are not based on historical or current fact, including without limitation, statements containing the words “anticipates”, “believes”, “may”, “continue”, “estimate”, “expects” and “will” and words of similar expression, constitute “forward-looking statements”. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, events or developments to be materially different from any future results, events or developments expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, the following: general economic and business conditions, both nationally and in the regions in which the REIT operates; changes in business strategy or development/acquisition plans; environmental exposures; financing risk; existing governmental regulations and changes in, or the failure to comply with, governmental regulations; liability and other claims asserted against the REIT; risk and uncertainties relating to the outbreak of the novel strain of the coronavirus identified as COVID-19 and other factors referred to in the REIT’s filings with Canadian securities regulators. Given these uncertainties, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. Morguard Residential REIT does not assume the obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements.

Given the impact of the changing circumstances surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic and the related response from the REIT, governments (federal, state, provincial and municipal), regulatory authorities, businesses and customers, there is inherently more uncertainty associated with the REIT’s assumptions as compared to prior periods. These assumptions and related risks, include but are not limited to management expectations with respect to the factors above as well as general economic conditions, such as the impact on the economy and financial markets of the COVID-19 pandemic and other health risks.

NON-IFRS FINANCIAL MEASURES

Morguard Residential REIT reports its financial results in accordance with IFRS. However, this MD&A also uses certain financial measures that are not defined by IFRS. These measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and are not necessarily comparable to similar measures presented by other reporting issuers in similar or different industries. These measures should be considered as supplemental in nature and not as substitutes for related financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS. The REIT’s management uses these measures to aid in assessing the REIT’s underlying core performance and provides these additional measures so that investors may do the same. Management believes that the non-IFRS measures described below, which supplement the IFRS measures, provide readers with a more comprehensive understanding of management’s perspective on the REIT’s operating results and performance.

The following discussion describes the non-IFRS measures the REIT uses in evaluating its operating results:

NET OPERATING INCOME (“NOI”) AND PROPORTIONATE SHARE NOI (“PROPORTIONATE NOI”)

NOI is defined by the REIT as revenue from real estate properties less property operating costs, realty taxes and utilities as presented in the consolidated statements of income. NOI margin is calculated as NOI divided by revenue and is also calculated on a Proportionate NOI basis. NOI is an important measure in evaluating the operating performance of the REIT's real estate properties and is a key input in determining the fair value of the REIT's properties.

Proportionate NOI represents NOI adjusted for the following: i) to exclude the impact of realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21 as noted below. Proportionate NOI records realty taxes for all properties on a *pro rata* basis over the entire fiscal year; ii) to exclude the non-controlling interest share of NOI for those properties that are consolidated under IFRS; and iii) to include equity-accounted investments NOI at the REIT's ownership interest.

NOI includes the impact of realty taxes accounted for under the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (“IFRIC”) Interpretation 21, *Levies* (“IFRIC 21”). IFRIC 21 states that an entity recognizes a levy liability in accordance with the relevant legislation. The obligating event for realty taxes for the U.S. municipalities in which the REIT operates is ownership of the property on January 1 of each year for which the tax is imposed and, as a result, the REIT records the entire annual realty tax expense for its U.S. properties on January 1, except for U.S. properties acquired during the year in which the realty taxes are not recorded in the year of acquisition.

NOI includes three Canadian properties and two U.S. properties whereby the REIT controls but does not own 100% interest in the subsidiary and, as a result, the REIT fully consolidates the results of operations within its condensed consolidated financial statements. The REIT's non-controlling interest in subsidiaries is adjusted from NOI in calculating Proportionate NOI.

NOI does not include interest in joint arrangements that are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. The REIT's interest in the operating performance of two U.S. properties, which are presented as equity income from investments in the consolidated statements of income, are adjusted to include its share of NOI in calculating Proportionate NOI.

A reconciliation of NOI and Proportionate NOI from the IFRS financial statement presentation of revenue from real estate properties, property operating costs, realty taxes and utilities are presented under the section Part IX, “Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures”.

SAME PROPERTY NOI / PROPORTIONATE NOI

Same Property NOI and Same Property Proportionate NOI are presented in this MD&A because management considers these non-IFRS measures to be important measures of the REIT's operating performance for properties owned by the REIT continuously for the current and comparable reporting period and does not take into account the impact of the operating performance of property acquisitions and dispositions as well as development properties until reaching stabilized occupancy.

A reconciliation of Same Property NOI and Same Property Proportionate NOI from the IFRS financial statement presentation of revenue from real estate properties, property operating costs, realty taxes and utilities are presented under the section Part IX, “Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures”.

INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness (as defined in the Declaration of Trust) is a measure of the amount of debt financing utilized by the REIT. Indebtedness is presented in this MD&A because management considers this non-IFRS measure to be an important measure of the REIT's financial position.

A reconciliation of Indebtedness from the IFRS financial statement presentation is presented under the section Part IX, “Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures”.

GROSS BOOK VALUE

Gross book value (as defined in the Declaration of Trust) is a measure of the value of the REIT's assets. Gross book value is presented in this MD&A because management considers this non-IFRS measure to be an important measure of the REIT's asset base and financial position.

A reconciliation of the gross book value from the IFRS financial statement presentation is presented under the section Part IX, “Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures”.

INDEBTEDNESS TO GROSS BOOK VALUE RATIO

Indebtedness to gross book value ratio is a compliance measure in the Declaration of Trust (defined below) and establishes the limit for financial leverage of the REIT. Indebtedness to gross book value ratio is presented in this MD&A because management considers this non-IFRS measure to be an important measure of the REIT's financial position.

INTEREST COVERAGE RATIO

Interest coverage ratio measures the amount of cash flow available to meet annual interest payments on the REIT's indebtedness. Generally, the higher the interest coverage ratio, the lower the credit risk. Interest coverage ratio is presented in this MD&A because management considers this non-IFRS measure to be an important measure of the REIT's operating performance and financial position.

INDEBTEDNESS COVERAGE RATIO

Indebtedness coverage ratio measures the amount of cash flow available to meet annual principal and interest payments on the REIT's indebtedness. Generally, the higher the indebtedness coverage ratio, the higher the capacity for additional debt. Indebtedness coverage ratio is presented in this MD&A because management considers this non-IFRS measure to be an important measure of the REIT's operating performance and financial position.

FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS ("FFO")

FFO is a non-IFRS measure widely used as a real estate industry standard that supplements net income and evaluates operating performance but is not indicative of funds available to meet the REIT's cash requirements. FFO can assist with comparisons of the operating performance of the REIT's real estate between periods and relative to other real estate entities. FFO is computed by the REIT in accordance with the current definition of the Real Property Association of Canada ("REALpac") and is defined as net income attributable to Unitholders adjusted for fair value adjustments, distributions on the Class B LP Units, realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21, deferred income taxes (on the REIT's U.S. properties), gains/losses on the sale of real estate properties (including income taxes on the sale of real estate properties) and other non-cash items. FFO payout ratio compares distributions declared to FFO. Distributions declared is calculated based on the monthly distribution per Unit multiplied by the weighted average number of Units outstanding (including Class B LP Units) during the period. The REIT considers FFO to be a useful measure for reviewing its comparative operating and financial performance.

A reconciliation of net income attributable to Unitholders (an IFRS measure) to FFO is presented under the section Part III, "Funds From Operations".

PROPORTIONATE SHARE BASIS

The REIT's balance sheet and statements of income prepared in accordance with IFRS have been adjusted (as described below) to derive the REIT's proportionately owned financial results ("Proportionate Basis"). In addition, the REIT's statements of income have been adjusted to exclude the impact of realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21 and to record realty taxes for all properties on a *pro rata* basis over the entire fiscal year. Management believes that the Proportionate Basis non-IFRS measures described below, which supplement the IFRS measures, provide readers with a more comprehensive understanding of management's perspective on the REIT's operating results and performance.

Non-Controlling Interest Share ("NCI Share")

NCI Share adjusts for three Canadian properties and two U.S. properties whereby the REIT controls but does not own a 100% interest in the subsidiary and, as a result, the REIT fully consolidates their financial results within its consolidated financial statements. The adjustment removes the non-controlling interest portion that is consolidated under IFRS. The presentation of *pro rata* assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses represents a non-IFRS measure and may not accurately depict the legal and economic implications of the REIT's interest in the joint ventures.

Equity-accounted Investments ("Equity Interest")

Equity Interest adjusts interests in joint arrangements that are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. The financial results of two U.S. properties under IFRS are presented on a single line within the consolidated balance sheet and statements of income and have been adjusted on a proportionately owned basis to each respective financial statement line presented within the balance sheet and statements of income. The presentation of *pro rata* assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses represents a non-IFRS measure and may not accurately depict the legal and economic implications of the REIT's interest in the joint venture.

PART II

BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND STRATEGY

The REIT is an unincorporated open-ended real estate investment trust established pursuant to a declaration of trust dated March 1, 2012, and as amended and restated on April 18, 2012 (the "Declaration of Trust"), under and governed by the laws of the Province of Ontario. The Units of the REIT trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol "MRG.UN."

The REIT has been formed to own multi-suite residential rental properties across Canada and the United States. The objectives of the REIT are to: i) generate stable and growing cash distributions on a tax-efficient basis; ii) enhance the value of the REIT's assets and maximize the long-term value of the Units through active asset and property management; and iii) expand the asset base of the REIT primarily through acquisitions and improvement of its properties through targeted and strategically deployed capital expenditures.

The REIT's internal growth strategy will focus on maximizing cash flow from its portfolio. The REIT intends to increase cash flows by maximizing occupancy and average monthly rent ("AMR"), taking into account local conditions in each of its regional markets, managing its operating expenses as a percentage of revenues and strengthening its asset base through its building infrastructure improvement and capital expenditure programs.

The REIT's external growth strategy is focused on opportunities to acquire additional multi-suite residential properties located in urban centres and major suburban regions in Canada and the United States that satisfy the REIT's investment criteria, as well as generating greater cash flow from acquired properties. The REIT will seek to leverage its relationship with Morguard Corporation ("Morguard") to access acquisition opportunities that satisfy the REIT's investment criteria. Additionally, subject to limited exceptions, the REIT has the right of first opportunity to acquire the existing interests in Morguard's multi-suite residential properties prior to any disposition by Morguard to a third party.

SIGNIFICANT EVENT

OPERATING UPDATE - COVID-19 PANDEMIC

During March 2020, the outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19"), has resulted in governments enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures, which include the implementation of travel bans, self-imposed quarantine periods and social distancing, have caused an economic slowdown and material disruption to business. Government has reacted with interventions intended to stabilize economic conditions. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 outbreak is unknown at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the length and severity of these developments and the impact on the financial performance and financial position of the REIT in future periods.

The REIT recognizes the impact COVID-19 has on many of its tenants in North America and its stakeholders, and is committed in taking measures to protect the health of its employees, tenants and communities. In March, Morguard initiated its crisis management plan with a team mandated to maintain a safe environment for our residents, employees and stakeholders, coordinating efforts across our portfolio, standardizing communications and responding as circumstances demand.

These are unprecedented times. Everyone has been impacted by the global efforts to reduce the spread of COVID-19. With the guidance of public health authorities, and at the direction of various levels of government, Morguard has implemented measures to help reduce the spread of COVID-19 including:

- eliminating amenities deemed to be risky and ensuring the continuation of critical services;
- intensified cleaning, focusing staff efforts on cleaning high-touch point areas at all our properties using approved cleaning products;
- management offices are staffed but doors are locked;
- maintenance orders for non-emergency repairs have been deferred;
- added additional hand sanitizers to help tenants and residents maintain recommended practices for hand washing; and
- posted health and safety best practice reminders to increase awareness of the most current guidelines.

We are actively monitoring the ongoing developments with regards to COVID-19 and are committed in ensuring a healthy and safe environment, adjusting our service model as necessary.

On March 19, 2020, the Ontario government announced that in accordance with a new order, no new eviction notices will be issued until “further notice” and the enforcement of scheduled evictions will be postponed during the suspension of regular court operations in Ontario. The Landlord and Tenant Board also announced the suspension of eviction orders and all hearings related to eviction applications (unless the matter relates to an urgent issue), although hearings for matters not relating to evictions will proceed by appropriate means (telephone or written hearing).

However, tenants are required to pay rent while an eviction is not being enforced, as clarified by the Ontario government. If the tenant cannot pay due to the pandemic, landlords and tenants are encouraged to work together to come up with an alternative arrangement.

Ontario represents the REIT's largest region in terms of suites and net operating income and is committed to working with residents on a case-by-case basis on rent deferral arrangements discussed in more detail below. In addition, in the U.S. regions where the REIT operates, similar measures have been taken in late March and early April to pause evictions and late fees for a period of 120 days.

The following information as of April 28, 2020 provides an operating update on the REIT's portfolio and liquidity position:

April Rental Collection

As at April 28, 2020, REIT collected approximately 94.8% (95.0% in Canada / 94.7% in the U.S.) of April rental revenue which is materially in line with historical collection rates. Management will monitor rent collections and compassionately follow up with those accounts in arrears as the impact of the pandemic continues to weigh on the North American economy over the remainder of the year.

Rent Deferral Program and Rent Increases

The REIT has implemented a rent deferral program for our residential tenants who are financially constrained due to the impact of the COVID-19. The REIT is actively working with residents on a case-by-case basis on rent deferral arrangements and will also ensure pertinent and timely information regarding Government financial support programs is shared with tenants. In addition, commencing with April's rental payment, the REIT has waived the collection of recent rental increases and late fees for existing tenants and will suspend collection of further rental increases during this period of crisis. Currently less than 3.5% of residential tenants have requested deferred payment plans.

Occupancy and Leasing

As at April 28, 2020, the REIT's occupancy remains stable in Canada and the U.S. as leasing agents work remotely and utilize the use of online technology to continue leasing activity following the onset of the pandemic and social distancing guidelines. Generally speaking, current conditions including social distancing has reduced leasing traffic. Management will closely monitor traffic and turnover levels in the coming months as we approach our peak leasing season.

Liquidity

The REIT has liquidity of \$125,000, comprised of approximately \$25,000 cash and \$100,000 available under its revolving credit facility with Morguard Corporation, as well the REIT expects \$15,400 of CMHC-insured refinancing proceeds to be funded in May 2020, representing the REIT's only mortgage scheduled to mature in 2020. In addition, the REIT's \$85,500 convertible unsecured subordinated debentures do not mature until March 31, 2023, and the REIT has approximately \$42,800 of unencumbered assets. The REIT has also narrowed down the scope of its capital expenditure program to ensure the availability of resources, allocating an amount that enables the REIT to maintain the structural and overall safety of the properties.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

| As at (In thousands of dollars, except as noted otherwise) | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 | March 31, 2019 |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Operational Information | | | |
| Number of properties | 43 | 43 | 43 |
| Total suites | 13,277 | 13,277 | 12,635 |
| Occupancy percentage - Canada | 98.8% | 98.8% | 99.3% |
| Occupancy percentage - U.S. | 95.4% | 94.5% | 95.3% |
| AMR - Canada (in actual dollars) | \$1,447 | \$1,432 | \$1,383 |
| AMR - U.S. (in actual U.S. dollars) | US\$1,419 | US\$1,409 | US\$1,306 |
| Summary of Financial Information | | | |
| Gross book value | \$3,197,607 | \$3,033,427 | \$2,956,962 |
| Indebtedness | \$1,406,102 | \$1,337,229 | \$1,373,881 |
| Indebtedness to gross book value ratio | 44.0% | 44.1% | 46.5% |
| Weighted average mortgage interest rate ⁽¹⁾ | 3.49% | 3.48% | 3.48% |
| Weighted average term to maturity on mortgages payable (years) | 5.4 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| Exchange rates - United States dollar to Canadian dollar | \$1.42 | \$1.30 | \$1.34 |
| Exchange rates - Canadian dollar to United States dollar | \$0.70 | \$0.77 | \$0.75 |

(1) Represents the contractual interest rates on mortgages payable and the Retained Debt (defined below).

For the three months ended March 31

(In thousands of dollars, except per Unit amounts)

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|----------|----------|
| Summary of Financial Information | | |
| Interest coverage ratio | 2.36 | 2.26 |
| Indebtedness coverage ratio | 1.61 | 1.58 |
| Revenue from real estate properties | \$62,297 | \$62,258 |
| NOI | \$17,290 | \$16,837 |
| Proportionate NOI | \$35,362 | \$31,920 |
| Same Property Proportionate NOI | \$32,973 | \$31,167 |
| NOI margin - IFRS | 27.8% | 27.0% |
| NOI margin - Proportionate | 55.3% | 53.2% |
| Net income | \$97,160 | \$3,726 |
| FFO - basic | \$18,107 | \$15,246 |
| FFO - diluted | \$19,061 | \$16,200 |
| FFO per Unit - basic | \$0.32 | \$0.30 |
| FFO per Unit - diluted | \$0.32 | \$0.29 |
| Distributions per Unit | \$0.1749 | \$0.1698 |
| FFO payout ratio | 54.3% | 56.7% |
| Weighted average number of Units outstanding (in thousands): | | |
| Basic ⁽¹⁾ | 56,207 | 50,950 |
| Diluted ^{(1) (2)} | 60,440 | 55,183 |
| Average exchange rates - United States dollar to Canadian dollar | \$1.34 | \$1.33 |
| Average exchange rates - Canadian dollar to United States dollar | \$0.74 | \$0.75 |

(1) For purposes of calculating FFO per Unit, Class B LP Units are included as Units outstanding on both a basic and diluted basis.

(2) Includes the dilutive impact of the convertible debentures.

REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES

As at March 31, 2020, the REIT's multi-suite residential property portfolio consists of 16 Canadian properties and 27 U.S. properties (including one property under development), having a total of 13,277 residential suites. The properties are primarily located in urban centres and major suburban regions in Alberta, Ontario, Colorado, Texas, Louisiana, Illinois, Georgia, Florida, North Carolina, Virginia and Maryland.

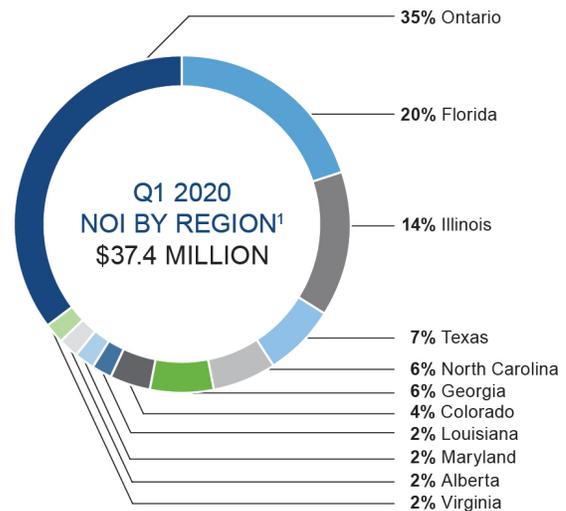
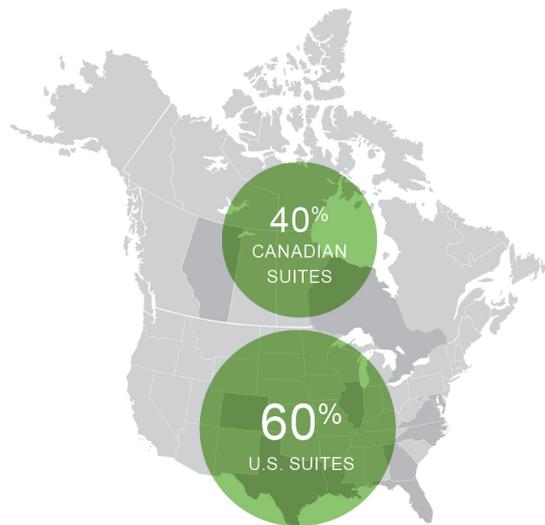
The following table details the regional distribution of the REIT's portfolio as at March 31, 2020:

| Region (In thousands of dollars, except as otherwise noted) | Number of Properties | Total Suites ⁽¹⁾ | % of the Portfolio (based on suites) | Fair Value of Real Estate Properties ⁽¹⁾ |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Canadian Properties | | | | |
| Alberta | 1 | 277 | 2.1% | \$59,700 |
| Ontario | | | | |
| Mississauga | 7 | 2,219 | 16.7% | 645,800 |
| Toronto | 6 | 1,997 | 15.0% | 374,220 |
| Other ⁽²⁾ | 2 | 842 | 6.4% | 196,900 |
| | 16 | 5,335 | 40.2% | \$1,276,620 |
| U.S. Properties | | | | |
| Colorado | 2 | 454 | 3.4% | \$133,783 |
| Texas | 3 | 1,021 | 7.7% | 225,148 |
| Louisiana | 2 | 279 | 2.1% | 45,398 |
| Illinois | 2 | 1,205 | 9.1% | 699,562 |
| Georgia | 3 | 814 | 6.1% | 176,401 |
| Florida | 10 | 2,593 | 19.5% | 562,302 |
| North Carolina | 2 | 864 | 6.5% | 183,353 |
| Virginia | 1 | 104 | 0.8% | 67,956 |
| Maryland | 1 | 492 | 3.7% | 186,843 |
| | 26 | 7,826 | 58.9% | \$2,280,746 |
| Total before property under development | 42 | 13,161 | 99.1% | \$3,580,788 |
| Property under development ⁽³⁾ | 1 | 116 | 0.9% | 26,615 |
| Total | 43 | 13,277 | 100.0% | \$3,607,403 |

(1) Total suites and fair value of real estate properties include non-controlling interest; the REIT, on a proportionate basis, has ownership of 12,257 suites. Fair value of real estate properties represents the sum of income producing properties (\$3,039,139) and the REIT's equity-accounted investment properties (\$568,264) inclusive of non-controlling interest share.

(2) Other Ontario includes one property in each of Kitchener, Ontario and Ottawa, Ontario.

(3) Represents a property located in New Orleans, Louisiana, under development. The property is expected to commence initial lease-up during the first half of 2020.



¹ Excludes the impact of realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21.

Approximately 79% of the suites in Canada are located in Toronto and Mississauga, both of which form part of the Greater Toronto Area ("GTA"). The GTA is Canada's most significant economic cluster and contains the largest concentration of people. The regional distribution of the remaining suites serves to add stability to the REIT's cash flows because it reduces the REIT's vulnerability to economic fluctuations affecting any particular region.

AVERAGE MONTHLY RENT AND OCCUPANCY BY REGION

The following table details AMR (in actual dollars), stated in local currency, and occupancy of the REIT's portfolio for the following periods and is calculated on a proportionate ownership basis:

| Region | AMR/Suite at March 31, 2020 | AMR/Suite at March 31, 2019 | % Change | Occupancy at March 31, 2020 | Occupancy at March 31, 2019 |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Canadian Properties (in Canadian dollars) | | | | | |
| Alberta | \$1,409 | \$1,381 | 2.0% | 98.1% | 94.6% |
| Ontario | | | | | |
| Mississauga | 1,610 | 1,529 | 5.3% | 98.8% | 99.5% |
| Toronto | 1,294 | 1,251 | 3.4% | 99.0% | 99.5% |
| Other ⁽¹⁾ | 1,389 | 1,318 | 5.4% | 99.0% | 99.7% |
| Total Ontario | 1,449 | 1,383 | 4.8% | 98.9% | 99.5% |
| Total Canada (in Canadian dollars) | \$1,447 | \$1,383 | 4.6% | 98.8% | 99.3% |
| U.S. Properties (in US dollars) | | | | | |
| Colorado | \$1,401 | \$1,363 | 2.8% | 95.1% | 95.0% |
| Texas | 1,318 | 1,270 | 3.8% | 94.9% | 96.4% |
| Louisiana | 1,221 | 1,191 | 2.5% | 96.0% | 95.8% |
| Illinois | 2,450 | 2,405 | 1.9% | 92.7% | 92.9% |
| Georgia | 1,283 | 1,223 | 4.9% | 94.6% | 93.6% |
| Florida | 1,288 | 1,239 | 4.0% | 96.5% | 95.5% |
| North Carolina | 1,093 | 1,055 | 3.6% | 97.7% | 97.5% |
| Virginia | 2,145 | 2,146 | 0.0% | 92.2% | 95.2% |
| Maryland | 1,881 | 1,885 | (0.2%) | 94.5% | 86.1% |
| U.S. Same Property | 1,354 | 1,310 | 3.4% | 95.8% | 95.3% |
| Acquisition / dispositions ⁽²⁾ | 2,656 | 855 | 210.6% | 89.7% | 99.4% |
| Total U.S. (in US dollars) | \$1,419 | \$1,306 | 8.7% | 95.4% | 95.3% |
| Total (in local currencies) | \$1,431 | \$1,340 | 6.8% | 96.9% | 97.0% |

(1) Other Ontario includes one property in each of Kitchener, Ontario and Ottawa, Ontario.

(2) U.S. acquisition includes the Marquee at Block 37 acquired on December 9, 2019. U.S. dispositions include the five properties located in Louisiana that were sold during the six months ended June 30, 2019.

As at March 31, 2020, AMR per suite in Canada increased by 4.6% compared to March 31, 2019, mainly due to rental rate increases in line with the Ontario guideline rate in 2020 of 2.2% (2019 - 1.8%), above guideline increases at several properties upon the completion of capital projects and rental rate increases on suite turnover.

Strong demand, particularly in Ontario, has allowed the REIT to increase rents as suites turn over. During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the REIT's Canadian portfolio turned over 120 suites, or 2.2% of total suites located in Canada and achieved AMR growth of 19.2% on suite turnover.

As at March 31, 2020, occupancy in Canada is 98.8%, compared to 99.3% at March 31, 2019, reflecting strong and stable demand predominantly in Ontario.

As at March 31, 2020, Same Property AMR per suite in the U.S. increased by 3.4% compared to March 31, 2019. The REIT had AMR growth in all U.S. regions, except for Maryland, mainly attributable to improved occupancy achieved at the end of 2019, creating less availability during 2020 compared with the previous year, which enabled leasing at higher rental rates. Strong performance in Florida, specifically Pensacola and Georgia lead the portfolio.

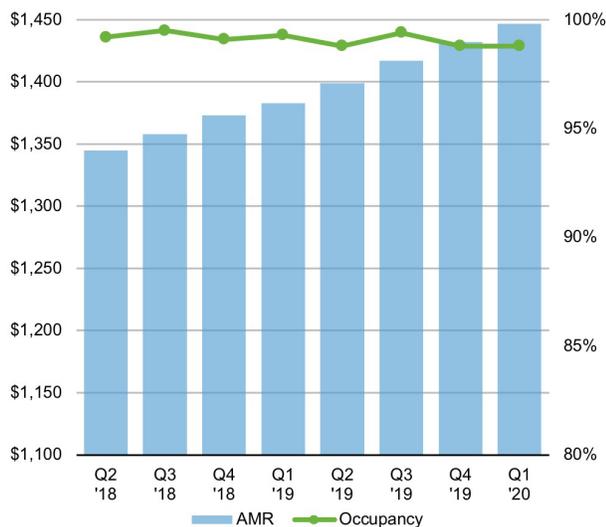
As at March 31, 2020, Same Property occupancy in the U.S. increased to 95.8% compared to 95.3% at March 31, 2019. The stable occupancy was mainly due to a focus on resident retention throughout 2019 with a strong focus on shifting lease expirations away from the winter months. During the third and fourth quarter of 2019, the REIT's U.S. properties performed well through its slower leasing season; this was achieved through the efficient use of revenue management tools aimed at balancing rent growth, traffic and renewal exposure. As at March 31, 2020 and throughout 2019, the REIT's overall U.S. occupancy reached near optimum levels maintaining between 94% and 96%, resulting from improved marketing efforts and a continued focus on the overall resident experience. The REIT also maintained AMR growth within each respective sub-market as it enjoyed the same target occupancies. The REIT's single asset located in Falls Church, Virginia, continues to face supply challenges resulting in the need to provide rental incentives as occupancies in the immediate sub-market remain soft.

Sequentially, Same Property occupancy in the U.S. modestly increased to 95.8% compared to 94.6% as at December 31, 2019, supported by higher resident retention as well as management's continued strategy to stagger lease maturities in order to reduce the number of expiring leases during the winter months. In addition, the REIT intends to commence lease-up of its newly redeveloped mid-rise property, 1643 Josephine Street, New Orleans, during the first half of 2020, which will further improve the overall quality of the portfolio. Due to COVID-19 social distancing requirements, the leasing team will begin a virtual pre-leasing process during the second quarter of 2020 with plans to open the leasing centre to the public as local requirements allow. Though the effects of COVID-19 could slow the initial lease-up, management is pleased with the overall progress of the development project.

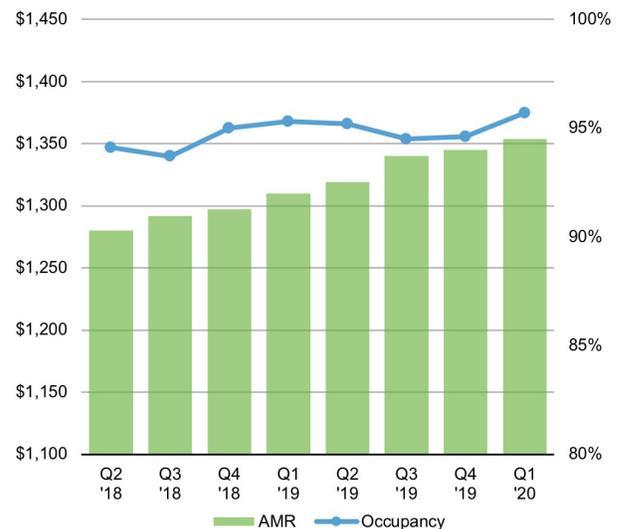
For the three months ended March 31, 2020, the REIT's rental incentives amounted to \$180 (2019 - \$133), mainly at properties that were impacted by new supply. During the three months ended March 31, 2020 and throughout 2019, the use of rental incentives decreased compared to 2018, to reflect the portfolio's stable occupancy. Market rents are constantly monitored and increased where appropriate, with the objective of maximizing revenue growth while maintaining stable occupancy. During 2020, the trend continued, and the portfolio saw an overall reduction in concessions, period over period.

The following table details AMR (in actual dollars), stated in local currency, and occupancy of the REIT's Same Property portfolio at each quarter end since June 30, 2018:

CANADA



U.S.



PART III

REVIEW OF OPERATIONAL RESULTS

The REIT's operational results are summarized below:

For the three months ended March 31

| (In thousands of dollars) | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|-----------------|----------------|
| Revenue from real estate properties | \$62,297 | \$62,258 |
| Property operating expenses | | |
| Property operating costs | (15,777) | (15,531) |
| Realty taxes | (24,764) | (24,831) |
| Utilities | (4,466) | (5,059) |
| Net operating income | 17,290 | 16,837 |
| Other expenses (income) | | |
| Interest expense | 12,866 | 18,043 |
| Trust expenses | 3,868 | 3,466 |
| Equity loss (income) from investments | 896 | (553) |
| Foreign exchange loss (gain) | (1,793) | 330 |
| Other income | (155) | (14) |
| Income (loss) before fair value changes and income taxes | 1,608 | (4,435) |
| Fair value gain on real estate properties, net | 10,457 | 27,833 |
| Fair value gain (loss) on Class B LP Units | 87,838 | (20,668) |
| Income before income taxes | 99,903 | 2,730 |
| Provision for (recovery of) income taxes | | |
| Current | 34 | 33 |
| Deferred | 2,709 | (1,029) |
| | 2,743 | (996) |
| Net income for the period | \$97,160 | \$3,726 |
| Net income attributable to: | | |
| Unitholders | \$96,442 | \$3,470 |
| Non-controlling interest | 718 | 256 |
| | \$97,160 | \$3,726 |

REVENUE FROM REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES

Higher rental revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2020, is mainly due to rental rate increases and foreign exchange fluctuations, partly offset by dispositions during the first half of 2019.

NET OPERATING INCOME

The following tables provide the NOI and Proportionate NOI for the REIT's consolidated Canadian and U.S. operations. Same Property NOI for the three months ended March 31, 2020, measures the operating performance for properties owned by the REIT continuously for the current and comparable reporting period and does not take into account the impact of the operating performance of property acquisitions and dispositions as well as development properties until reaching stabilized occupancy.

Same Property results for the three months ended March 31, 2020, measures the operating performance for properties owned and have reached stabilization by the REIT continuously since January 1, 2019, and excludes the following properties: i) five properties in Louisiana sold during the first half of 2019; ii) 1643 Josephine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, acquired April 5, 2018, classified as property under development; iii) the acquisition of partial interests in three properties controlled by the REIT located in Mississauga, Ontario, on May 22, 2019; and iv) the acquisition of a 50% interest in the Marquee at Block 37, located in Chicago, Illinois, on December 9, 2019.

Same Property and Same Property Proportionate results for the three months ended March 31, 2020, represents 11,979 and 11,715 residential suites, respectively.

Net Operating Income

The following table provides the consolidated net operating income for the REIT's Canadian and U.S. properties:

| For the three months ended March 31 (In thousands of dollars) | 2020 | | 2019 | |
|--|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| | NOI | Proportionate NOI | NOI | Proportionate NOI |
| Revenue from properties | | | | |
| Same Property | \$61,891 | \$60,065 | \$59,813 | \$57,966 |
| Acquisitions / Dispositions | 406 | 3,917 | 2,445 | 2,057 |
| Total revenue from properties | 62,297 | 63,982 | 62,258 | 60,023 |
| Property operating expenses | | | | |
| Same Property | | | | |
| Operating costs | 15,704 | 15,360 | 14,437 | 14,177 |
| Realty taxes | 24,716 | 7,338 | 24,274 | 7,737 |
| Utilities | 4,433 | 4,394 | 4,847 | 4,885 |
| Same Property | 44,853 | 27,092 | 43,558 | 26,799 |
| Acquisitions / Dispositions | 154 | 1,528 | 1,863 | 1,304 |
| Total property operating expenses | 45,007 | 28,620 | 45,421 | 28,103 |
| NOI | | | | |
| Total Same Property | 17,038 | 32,973 | 16,255 | 31,167 |
| Acquisitions / Dispositions | 252 | 2,389 | 582 | 753 |
| Total NOI | \$17,290 | \$35,362 | \$16,837 | \$31,920 |
| NOI margin | 27.8% | 55.3% | 27.0% | 53.2% |

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, NOI from the REIT's properties increased by \$453 (or 2.7%) to \$17,290, compared to \$16,837 in 2019. The increase in NOI is due to an increase in Same Property NOI of \$783 (or 4.8%) and a net decrease from acquisition and disposition of properties of \$330. The Same Property increase of \$783 is due to an increase in Canada of \$1,092 (or 8.7%), a decrease in the U.S. of US\$262 (or 9.3%) and the change in foreign exchange rate which decreased NOI by \$47.

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, Proportionate NOI from the REIT's properties increased by \$3,442 (or 10.8%) to \$35,362, compared to \$31,920 in 2019. The increase in Proportionate NOI is due to an increase in Same Property Proportionate NOI of \$1,806 (or 5.8%) and a net increase from acquisition and disposition of properties of \$1,636. The Same Property increase of \$1,806 is due to an increase in Canada of \$1,088 (or 8.7%), an increase in the U.S. of US\$374 (or 2.7%) and the change in foreign exchange rate which increased Proportionate NOI by \$344.

The following table provides the consolidated net operating income for the REIT's Canadian and U.S. properties in local currency:

| For the three months ended March 31 (In thousands of dollars) | 2020 | | 2019 | |
|--|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| | NOI | Proportionate NOI | NOI | Proportionate NOI |
| Same Property NOI - Canada (local currency) | \$13,609 | \$13,529 | \$12,517 | \$12,441 |
| Same Property NOI - U.S. (local currency) | 2,555 | 14,463 | 2,817 | 14,089 |
| Acquisitions / Dispositions (local currency) | 252 | 1,845 | 496 | 564 |
| Exchange amount to Canadian dollars | 874 | 5,525 | 1,007 | 4,826 |
| Total NOI | \$17,290 | \$35,362 | \$16,837 | \$31,920 |

The following table provides the NOI and Proportionate NOI for the REIT's Canadian properties:

| For the three months ended March 31 (In thousands of dollars) | 2020 | | 2019 | |
|--|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| | NOI | Proportionate NOI | NOI | Proportionate NOI |
| Revenue from properties | | | | |
| Same Property | \$23,304 | \$23,176 | \$22,645 | \$22,523 |
| Acquisitions | 406 | 406 | 388 | — |
| Revenue from properties | 23,710 | 23,582 | 23,033 | 22,523 |
| Property operating expenses | | | | |
| Same Property | | | | |
| Operating costs | 4,992 | 4,969 | 4,448 | 4,429 |
| Realty taxes | 1,933 | 1,918 | 2,559 | 2,545 |
| Utilities | 2,770 | 2,760 | 3,121 | 3,108 |
| Same Property | 9,695 | 9,647 | 10,128 | 10,082 |
| Acquisitions | 154 | 154 | 147 | — |
| Total property operating expenses | 9,849 | 9,801 | 10,275 | 10,082 |
| NOI | | | | |
| Same Property | 13,609 | 13,529 | 12,517 | 12,441 |
| Acquisitions | 252 | 252 | 241 | — |
| Total NOI | \$13,861 | \$13,781 | \$12,758 | \$12,441 |
| NOI margin | 58.5% | 58.4% | 55.4% | 55.2% |

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, NOI from the Canadian properties increased by \$1,103 (or 8.6%) to \$13,861, compared to \$12,758 in 2019. The increase in NOI is due to an increase in Same Property NOI of \$1,092 (or 8.7%) and an increase of \$11 from the acquisition of partial interests in three properties controlled by the REIT in May 2019. The Same Property increase was due to an increase in rental revenue of \$659 (or 2.9%), from higher AMR (4.7%), partly offset by increased vacancy, and a decrease in operating expenses of \$433 (or 4.3%). The decrease in operating expenses of \$433 was due to lower realty taxes of \$626, resulting from a successful tax appeal at one property in the amount of \$633, and a decrease in utilities of \$351, mainly due to lower consumption resulting from the positive impact of the REIT's energy initiatives and sub-metering program, partially offset by an increase in operating costs of \$544 mainly from an increase in insurance expense from higher premiums, higher consulting fees of \$140 in connection with the property tax refund noted above and an increase in repairs and maintenance due to additional security and higher cleaning costs due to additional health and safety measures taken during March related to COVID-19.

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, Proportionate NOI from the Canadian properties increased by \$1,340 (or 10.8%) to \$13,781, compared to \$12,441 in 2019. The increase in Proportionate NOI is due to an increase in Same Property Proportionate NOI of \$1,088 (or 8.7%) and an increase of \$252 from the acquisition of partial interests in three properties controlled by the REIT in May 2019. The Same Property increase was due to an increase in rental revenue of \$653 (or 2.9%), from higher AMR (4.7%), partly offset by increased vacancy, and a decrease in operating expenses of \$435 (or 4.3%). The decrease in operating expenses of \$435 was due to lower realty taxes of \$627, resulting from a successful tax appeal at one property in the amount of \$633, and a decrease in utilities of \$348 mainly due to lower consumption resulting from the positive impact of the REIT's energy initiatives and sub-metering program, partially offset by an increase in operating costs of \$540 mainly from an increase in insurance expense from higher premiums, higher consulting fees of \$140 in connection with the property tax refund noted above and an increase in repairs and maintenance due to additional security and higher cleaning costs due to additional health and safety measures taken during March related to COVID-19.

The REIT's Canadian NOI margin and Proportionate NOI margin were 58.5% and 58.4%, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2020, compared to 55.4% and 55.2%, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2019. Overall, as noted above, the 4.3% decrease in operating expenses due to a property tax refund and lower utilities, as well as the 2.9% increase in revenue due to higher AMR, contributed to the increase in NOI margin.

The following table provides the NOI and Proportionate NOI for the U.S. properties:

| For the three months ended March 31 (In thousands of US dollars, unless otherwise stated) | 2020 | | 2019 | |
|---|----------|----------------------|----------|----------------------|
| | NOI | Proportionate NOI | NOI | Proportionate NOI |
| Revenue from properties | | | | |
| Same Property | \$28,711 | \$27,448 | \$27,963 | \$26,664 |
| Acquisitions / Dispositions | — | 2,613 | 1,548 | 1,548 |
| Total revenue from properties | 28,711 | 30,061 | 29,511 | 28,212 |
| Property operating expenses | | | | |
| Same Property | | | | |
| Operating costs | 7,976 | 7,736 | 7,515 | 7,333 |
| Realty taxes | 16,944 | 4,034 | 16,333 | 3,904 |
| Utilities | 1,236 | 1,215 | 1,298 | 1,338 |
| Same Property | 26,156 | 12,985 | 25,146 | 12,575 |
| Acquisitions / Dispositions | — | 1,020 | 1,293 | 984 |
| Total property operating expenses | 26,156 | 14,005 | 26,439 | 13,559 |
| NOI (in US dollars) | | | | |
| Same Property | 2,555 | 14,463 | 2,817 | 14,089 |
| Acquisitions / Dispositions | — | 1,593 | 255 | 564 |
| Total NOI (in US dollars) | 2,555 | 16,056 | 3,072 | 14,653 |
| Exchange amount to Canadian dollars | 874 | 5,525 | 1,007 | 4,826 |
| NOI (in Canadian dollars) | \$3,429 | \$21,581 | \$4,079 | \$19,479 |
| NOI margin (in US dollars) | 8.9% | 53.4% | 10.4% | 51.9% |

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, NOI from the U.S. properties decreased by \$650 (or 15.9%) to \$3,429, compared to \$4,079 in 2019. The decrease in NOI is due to a decrease in Same Property NOI of US\$262 (or 9.3%), a decrease in NOI from the disposition of five properties in Louisiana of US\$255, and the change in foreign exchange rate which decreased NOI by \$133. The Same Property decrease was due to an increase in operating expenses of US\$1,010 (or 4.0%) mainly from an increase in operating costs and realty taxes, partially offset by an increase in rental revenue of US\$748 (or 2.7%), from higher AMR (3.4%). The increase in operating costs of US\$461 is mainly due to an increase in insurance expense from higher premiums, as well as payroll and repairs and maintenance expenses. The increase in realty taxes of US\$611 is due to higher IFRIC 21 adjustment, as well as an increase in the assessed market value at certain properties.

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, Proportionate NOI from the U.S. properties increased by \$2,102 (or 10.8%) to \$21,581, compared to \$19,479 in 2019. The increase in Proportionate NOI is due to an increase in Same Property Proportionate NOI of US\$374 (or 2.7%), an increase in NOI of US\$1,029 from the acquisition of Marquee at Block 37 in December 2019, net of a decrease from the disposition of five properties in Louisiana, and the change in foreign exchange rate which increased NOI by \$699. The Same Property increase was mainly due to an increase in rental revenue of US\$784 (or 2.9%), from higher AMR (3.4%), partially offset by an increase in operating expenses of US\$410 (or 3.3%) mainly from an increase in operating costs and realty taxes. The increase in operating costs of US\$403 is mainly due to an increase in insurance expense from higher premiums, as well as payroll and repairs and maintenance expenses. The increase in realty taxes of US \$130 is due to an increase in the assessed market value at certain properties.

The REIT's U.S. NOI margin and Proportionate NOI margin were 8.9% and 53.4%, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2020, compared to 10.4% and 51.9%, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2019. The NOI margin and Proportionate NOI margin were both impacted by higher operating costs and realty taxes, as well the acquisition of Marquee at Block 37 had a positive impact.

INTEREST EXPENSE

Interest expense consists of the following:

For the three months ended March 31

(In thousands of dollars)

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Interest on mortgages | \$10,175 | \$10,401 |
| Distributions on Class C LP Units - interest | 779 | 793 |
| Interest on mortgages and Retained Debt | 10,954 | 11,194 |
| Distributions on Class C LP Units - tax payment | 143 | 140 |
| Interest on the convertible debentures | 954 | 954 |
| Interest on lease liability | 116 | 100 |
| Amortization of deferred financing costs | 663 | 733 |
| Amortization of deferred financing costs on the convertible debentures | 151 | 155 |
| Fair value loss (gain) on conversion option on the convertible debentures | (3,127) | 1,352 |
| Loss on extinguishment of mortgages payable | — | 491 |
| Interest expense before distributions on Class B LP Units | 9,854 | 15,119 |
| Distributions on Class B LP Units | 3,012 | 2,924 |
| | \$12,866 | \$18,043 |

Total interest expense decreased by \$5,177 during the three months ended March 31, 2020, to \$12,866, compared to \$18,043 in 2019. The decrease is predominantly due to a non-cash decrease in fair value on the convertible debentures' conversion option of \$4,479, a decrease in interest on mortgages of \$226 mainly due to the disposal of five properties in Louisiana during the first half of 2019 and a decrease of \$491 from a loss on extinguishment of mortgages payable associated with the disposals during 2019. The weakening of the Canadian dollar increased interest expense on U.S. mortgages by \$100 excluding the impact of dispositions.

Morguard retained the mortgages and deferred financing costs (the "Retained Debt"), on four Canadian properties that were sold to the REIT. Morguard remains responsible for the interest and principal payments on the Retained Debt, and the Retained Debt is secured by charges on the four properties. In consideration of the Retained Debt, Morguard received Class C LP Units on which distribution payments are made in an amount sufficient to permit Morguard to satisfy amounts payable with respect to principal and interest of the Retained Debt and the tax payment that is attributable to any distributions on the Class C LP Units. The portion of the distributions that represent the interest and tax components associated with the Retained Debt that had been classified as interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2020, amounted to \$922 (2019 - \$933).

Under IFRS, the Class B LP Units are classified as financial liabilities, and the corresponding distributions paid to the Unitholders are classified as interest expense. The REIT believes these distribution payments do not represent financing charges because these amounts are payable only if the REIT declares distributions and only for the amount of any distributions declared, both of which are at the discretion of the Board of Trustees as outlined in the Declaration of Trust. The total distributions paid and accrued to Class B LP Unitholders for the three months ended March 31, 2020 amounted to \$3,012 (2019 - \$2,924).

TRUST EXPENSES

Trust expenses consist of the following:

For the three months ended March 31

(In thousands of dollars)

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Asset management fees and distributions | \$3,267 | \$2,873 |
| Professional fees | 272 | 280 |
| Public company expenses | 185 | 180 |
| Other | 144 | 133 |
| | \$3,868 | \$3,466 |

Trust expenses increased by \$402 during the three months ended March 31, 2020, to \$3,868, compared to \$3,466 in 2019. The increase is predominantly due to an increase in asset management fees and distributions, resulting from an increase in gross book value and growth in FFO (see Part VI, "Related Party Transactions").

EQUITY INCOME (LOSS) FROM INVESTMENTS

The REIT has a 50% interest in two properties comprising 1,182 suites located in Rockville, Maryland, and in Chicago, Illinois, in which the REIT has joint control of the investments.

Equity loss from investments for the three months ended March 31, 2020, was \$896, including a non-cash fair value gain of \$168 and an IFRIC 21 expense adjustment of \$2,591. Equity income from investment for the three months ended March 31, 2019, was \$553, including non-cash fair value gain of \$1,222 and an IFRIC 21 expense adjustment of \$819.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE LOSS (GAIN)

IFRS requires monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies to be translated into Canadian dollars at the exchange rate in effect at the reporting date, and any gain or loss is recognized in the consolidated statements of income. The REIT's foreign exchange gain for the three months ended March 31, 2020, amounted to \$1,793 (2019 - loss of \$330), and is mainly the result of the fluctuation of the Canadian dollar against the United States dollar as at March 31, 2020, when compared to December 31, 2019.

OTHER INCOME

Other income mainly represents interest income earned from the Morguard Facility on advances made to Morguard and other expenses. Other income during the three months ended March 31, 2020, amounted to \$155 (2019 - \$14). The increase in other income was due to higher interest income earned on the Morguard Facility.

FAIR VALUE GAIN ON REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES, NET

The REIT elected to adopt the fair value model to account for its real estate properties, and changes in fair value each period have been recognized as fair value gain or loss in the consolidated statements of income. Fair value adjustments are determined based on the movement of various valuation parameters on a quarterly basis, including stabilized NOI and capitalization rates.

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, the REIT recognized a net fair value gain of \$10,457 (2019 - \$27,833). The fair value gain is predominantly due to a \$17,024 adjustment on realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21, partially offset by a \$3,950 fair value loss at the U.S. properties and a \$2,617 fair value loss at the Canadian properties.

FAIR VALUE GAIN (LOSS) ON CLASS B LP UNITS

The Class B LP Units are classified as financial liabilities in accordance with IFRS and, as a result, are recorded at their fair value at each reporting date. As at March 31, 2020, the REIT valued the Class B LP Units based on the closing price of the TSX-listed Units, which resulted in a fair value liability of \$230,617 (2019 - \$318,455) (see Part V, "Capital Structure and Debt Profile"). The REIT incurred a fair value gain for the three months ended March 31, 2020 of \$87,838 (2019 - loss of \$20,668) resulting from a \$5.10 Unit price decrease due to the impact the global health crisis had on the stock market during the first quarter of 2020.

INCOME TAXES

The REIT is a "mutual fund trust" pursuant to the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) (the "Act"). Under current tax legislation, a mutual fund trust that is not a Specified Investment Flow-Through ("SIFT") Trust pursuant to the Act is entitled to deduct distributions of taxable income such that it is not liable to pay income taxes provided that its taxable income is fully distributed to Unitholders. The REIT intends to continue to qualify as a mutual fund trust that is not a SIFT Trust and to make distributions not less than the amount necessary to ensure that the REIT will not be liable to pay income taxes.

Certain of the REIT's operations or a portion thereof are conducted through its taxable U.S. subsidiaries, which are subject to U.S. federal and state corporate income taxes.

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, the REIT recorded current tax expense of \$34 (2019 - \$33).

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, the REIT has recorded a deferred tax expense for U.S. federal and state taxes associated with the U.S. subsidiaries of \$2,709 (2019 - deferred tax recovery of \$1,029).

The REIT's income tax provision for (recovery of) consists of the following:

For the three months ended March 31

(In thousands of dollars)

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|----------------|---------|
| Current | \$34 | \$33 |
| Deferred | 2,709 | (1,029) |
| Provision for (recovery of) income taxes | \$2,743 | (\$996) |

As at March 31, 2020, the U.S. subsidiaries of the REIT have total net operating losses of approximately US\$30,343 (December 31, 2019 - US\$29,234) of which no deferred tax assets were recognized as it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against such losses of which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. The net operating losses expire in various years commencing in 2032.

As at March 31, 2020, the U.S. subsidiaries of the REIT have total net operating losses of approximately of US\$10,382 (December 31, 2019 - US\$5,782) of which deferred tax assets were recognized. The net operating losses can be carried forward indefinitely.

As at March 31, 2020, the REIT's U.S. subsidiaries have a total of US\$1,652 (December 31, 2019 - US\$9,206) of unutilized interest expense deductions of which deferred tax assets were recognized.

FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS

The following table provides a reconciliation of FFO to its closely related financial statement measurement for the following periods:

For the three months ended March 31

(In thousands of dollars, except per Unit amounts)

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Net income attributable to Unitholders | \$96,442 | \$3,470 |
| Add (deduct): | | |
| Realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21 ⁽¹⁾ | 17,771 | 15,746 |
| Fair value loss (gain) on conversion option on the convertible debentures | (3,127) | 1,352 |
| Distributions on Class B LP Units recorded as interest expense ⁽²⁾ | 3,012 | 2,924 |
| Foreign exchange loss (gain) | (1,793) | 330 |
| Fair value gain on real estate properties, net ⁽³⁾ | (10,625) | (29,055) |
| Non-controlling interests' share of fair value gain on real estate properties | 1,556 | 840 |
| Fair value loss (gain) on Class B LP Units | (87,838) | 20,668 |
| Deferred income tax provision (recovery) | 2,709 | (1,029) |
| FFO - basic | \$18,107 | \$15,246 |
| Interest expense on the convertible debentures | 954 | 954 |
| FFO - diluted | \$19,061 | \$16,200 |
| FFO per Unit - basic | \$0.32 | \$0.30 |
| FFO per Unit - diluted | \$0.32 | \$0.29 |
| Weighted average number of Units outstanding (in thousands): | | |
| Basic ⁽⁴⁾ | 56,207 | 50,950 |
| Diluted ^{(4) (5)} | 60,440 | 55,183 |

(1) Realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21 (including equity-accounted investments) and excludes non-controlling interests' share.

(2) Under IFRS, the Class B LP Units are considered financial liabilities and, as a result of this classification, their corresponding distribution amounts are considered interest expense. The REIT believes these distribution payments do not truly represent financing charges because these amounts are payable only if the REIT declares distributions and only for the amount of any distributions declared, both of which are at the discretion of the Board of Trustees as outlined in the Declaration of Trust. Therefore, these distributions are excluded from the calculation of FFO.

(3) Includes fair value adjustment on real estate properties for equity-accounted investments.

(4) For purposes of calculating FFO per Unit, Class B LP Units are included as Units outstanding on both a basic and diluted basis.

(5) Includes the dilutive impact of the convertible debentures.

Basic FFO for the three months ended March 31, 2020, increased by \$2,861, or 18.8%, to \$18,107 (\$0.32 per Unit), compared to \$15,246 (\$0.30 per Unit) in 2019. The increase is mainly due to higher Proportionate NOI of \$3,442, partially offset by an increase in interest expense of \$204 (calculated on a Proportionate Basis and excludes distributions on Class B LP Units and fair value adjustments on the conversion option on the convertible debentures) and an increase in trust expenses of \$402. The increase in basic FFO includes \$493 from a successful property tax appeal at one property, net of consulting fees as well as lower interest expense of \$491 due to a loss on extinguishment of mortgages payable in connection with the disposal of five Louisiana properties in 2019.

Basic FFO per Unit for the three months ended March 31, 2020, increased by \$0.02 to \$0.32 per Unit, compared to \$0.30 per Unit in 2019 due to the following factors:

- i) an increase in Same Property NOI, partially offset by higher trust expenses had a \$0.02 per Unit positive impact;
- ii) the successful property tax appeal, net of consulting fees had a \$0.01 per Unit positive impact; and
- iii) the issuance of Units on August 28, 2019, which includes the dilution from additional Units offset by interest income earned on proceeds advanced on the Morguard Facility, net of the partial use of proceeds on December 9, 2019, to acquire the Marquee at Block 37, had a \$0.01 per Unit negative impact.

In addition, for the three months ended March 31, 2020, the change in foreign exchange rate had a \$nil per Unit impact as the average foreign exchange rate was generally in line with the first quarter of 2019 and the disposal of the five Louisiana properties during 2019 had a \$nil per Unit impact as the decrease in FFO generated from the properties disposed of during 2019 was offset by the extinguishment of mortgages payable of \$491.

DISTRIBUTIONS

The Trustees have discretion with respect to the timing and amounts of distributions. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, total distributions amounted to \$9,831 (2019 - \$8,651).

On October 29, 2019, the REIT announced that its Board of Trustees has approved an increase to its annual cash distributions by \$0.02 per Unit (2.94%) to \$0.70 per Unit on an annualized basis from \$0.68 per Unit. The increase was effective for the November 2019 distribution, paid on December 16, 2019.

| For the three months ended March 31 (In thousands of dollars) | 2020 | | | 2019 | | |
|--|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|---------------------|---------|
| | Units | Class B LP Units | Total | Units | Class B LP Units | Total |
| Distributions paid and declared | \$6,657 | \$3,012 | \$9,669 | \$5,599 | \$2,924 | \$8,523 |
| Distributions – DRIP | 162 | — | 162 | 128 | — | 128 |
| Total | \$6,819 | \$3,012 | \$9,831 | \$5,727 | \$2,924 | \$8,651 |

The following table summarizes distributions paid to holders of Units in relation to net income and cash provided by operating activities:

| (In thousands of dollars) | Three months ended March 31, 2019 | Year ended December 31, 2019 | Year ended December 31, 2018 |
|--|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Net income | \$97,160 | \$80,128 | \$174,710 |
| Cash provided by operating activities | 5,002 | 62,483 | 59,947 |
| Distributions - Units ⁽¹⁾ | 6,819 | \$24,527 | \$22,355 |
| Excess of net income over distributions | \$90,341 | \$55,601 | \$152,355 |
| Excess (shortfall) of cash provided by operating activities over distributions | (1,817) | \$37,956 | \$37,592 |

(1) Excludes distributions on Class B LP Units since these were recorded as interest expense and, therefore, were deducted in calculating net income and cash provided by operating activities.

Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2020, includes a net income of \$77,666 of non-cash components relating to a fair value gain on real estate properties, fair value gain on Class B LP Units, an IFRIC 21 adjustment to realty taxes, equity loss from investments and deferred taxes. Net income exceeded distributions when removing the impact of these non-cash items.

In determining the annual level of distributions to Unitholders, the REIT looks at forward-looking cash flow information, including forecasts and budgets, and the future prospects of the REIT. Furthermore, the REIT does not consider periodic cash flow fluctuations resulting from items such as the timing of property operating costs, property tax instalments or semi-annual debenture interest payments in determining the level of distributions to Unitholders in any particular quarter. Additionally, in establishing the level of distributions to the Unitholders, the REIT considers the impact of, among other items, the future growth in the income producing properties, the impact of future acquisitions and capital expenditures related to the income producing properties.

PART IV

BALANCE SHEET ANALYSIS

REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES

The REIT accounts for its real estate properties using the fair value model. The following table provides the regional allocation of real estate properties for the following periods:

| As at (In thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated) | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|
| Canadian Properties | | |
| Alberta | \$59,700 | \$59,700 |
| Ontario | 1,216,920 | 1,216,920 |
| Total Canadian Properties | 1,276,620 | 1,276,620 |
| U.S. Properties (in US dollars) | | |
| Colorado | 94,300 | 94,300 |
| Texas | 158,700 | 158,700 |
| Louisiana | 32,000 | 32,000 |
| Illinois | 228,100 | 228,100 |
| Georgia | 124,340 | 124,340 |
| Florida | 396,350 | 396,450 |
| North Carolina | 129,240 | 129,240 |
| Virginia | 47,900 | 48,200 |
| | 1,210,930 | 1,211,330 |
| Property under development | 18,760 | 17,526 |
| Total U.S. Properties (in US dollars) | 1,242,348 | 1,228,856 |
| Exchange amount to Canadian dollars | 520,171 | 367,182 |
| Total U.S. Properties (in Canadian dollars) | 1,762,519 | 1,596,038 |
| Total real estate properties | \$3,039,139 | \$2,872,658 |

The value of real estate properties increased by \$166,481 as at March 31, 2020, to \$3,039,139, compared to \$2,872,658 at December 31, 2019. The increase is mainly the result of the following:

- An increase of \$148,326 due to the change in U.S. dollar foreign exchange rate;
- A net fair value gain on real estate properties of \$10,457; and
- Capitalization of property enhancements and development expenditures of \$7,792.

APPRAISAL CAPITALIZATION RATES

Morguard's appraisal division consists of Appraisal Institute of Canada ("AIC") designated Accredited Appraiser Canadian Institute ("AACI") members who are qualified to offer valuation and consulting services and expertise for all types of real property, all of whom are knowledgeable and have recent experience in the fair value techniques for investment properties. AACI designated members must adhere to AIC's Canadian Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice ("CUSPAP") and undertake ongoing professional development. Morguard's appraisal division is responsible for determining the fair value of investment properties every quarter. The team reports to a senior executive, and the internal valuation team's valuation processes and results are reviewed by senior management at least once every quarter, in line with the REIT's quarterly reporting dates.

As at March 31, 2020, and December 31, 2019, the REIT had all its portfolio appraised by Morguard's appraisal division. In addition, the REIT's U.S. portfolio is appraised by independent U.S. real estate appraisal firms on a three-year cycle.

The REIT utilizes the direct capitalization income method to determine the fair value of its portfolio. This method requires that rental income from current leases and key assumptions about rental income, vacancies and inflation rates, among other factors, are used to determine a one-year stabilized net operating income forecast for each individual property within the REIT's portfolio and also considers any capital expenditures anticipated within the year. A capitalization rate was also determined for each property based on market information related to the external sale of similar properties within a similar location. These factors were used to determine the fair value of income producing properties at each reporting period.

As at March 31, 2020, using the direct capitalization income approach, the properties were valued using capitalization rates in the range of 4.0% to 6.8% (December 31, 2019 - 4.0% to 6.8%), resulting in an overall weighted average capitalization rate of 4.7% (December 31, 2019 - 4.7%).

The average capitalization rates by location are set out in the following table:

| As at | March 31, 2020 Capitalization Rates | | | December 31, 2019 Capitalization Rates | | |
|-------------------------|--|------|---------------------|---|------|---------------------|
| | Max. | Min. | Weighted Average | Max. | Min. | Weighted Average |
| Canada | | | | | | |
| Alberta | 5.0% | 5.0% | 5.0% | 5.0% | 5.0% | 5.0% |
| Ontario | 4.5% | 4.0% | 4.2% | 4.5% | 4.0% | 4.2% |
| United States | | | | | | |
| Colorado | 5.3% | 5.3% | 5.3% | 5.3% | 5.3% | 5.3% |
| Texas | 5.3% | 5.0% | 5.0% | 5.3% | 5.0% | 5.0% |
| Louisiana | 6.8% | 5.5% | 6.0% | 6.8% | 5.5% | 6.0% |
| Illinois ⁽¹⁾ | 4.8% | 4.5% | 4.6% | 4.8% | 4.5% | 4.6% |
| Georgia | 5.5% | 5.0% | 5.4% | 5.5% | 5.0% | 5.4% |
| Florida | 6.5% | 4.8% | 5.5% | 6.5% | 4.8% | 5.5% |
| North Carolina | 5.3% | 5.0% | 5.1% | 5.3% | 5.0% | 5.1% |
| Virginia | 4.8% | 4.8% | 4.8% | 4.8% | 4.8% | 4.8% |
| Maryland ⁽¹⁾ | 4.5% | 4.5% | 4.5% | 4.5% | 4.5% | 4.5% |

(1) Includes equity-accounted investments.

Fair values are most sensitive to changes in capitalization rates and stabilized net operating income. Generally, an increase in stabilized net operating income will result in an increase in the fair value of the real estate properties, and an increase in capitalization rates will result in a decrease in the fair value of the properties. The capitalization rate magnifies the effect of a change in stabilized net operating income, with a lower capitalization rate resulting in a greater impact on the fair value of the property than a higher capitalization rate. If the weighted average stabilized capitalization rate were to increase or decrease by 25 basis points (assuming no change in stabilized net operating income), the value of the income producing properties as at March 31, 2020, would decrease by \$151,506 or increase by \$168,763, respectively.

PROPERTY UNDER DEVELOPMENT

On April 5, 2018, the REIT acquired a property comprising 116 suites located in New Orleans, Louisiana, for a purchase price of \$14,866 (US\$11,636), including closing costs. The property is vacant and designated as a property under development. The REIT plans to complete capital upgrades during the first half of 2020, at which point initial lease-up will commence. During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the REIT incurred \$1,660 of development expenditures related to the development project.

PROPERTY CAPITAL INVESTMENTS

The REIT has a continual capital improvement program with respect to its investment properties. The program is designed to maintain and improve the operating performance of the properties and has enhanced the value of the properties by allowing the REIT to charge higher rents or by enabling it to lower operating expenses. The capital investments have also increased resident retention by ensuring that the properties retain their attractiveness to both existing and prospective tenants.

The REIT is committed to improving its operating performance by incurring appropriate capital expenditures in order to replace and maintain the productive capacity of its property portfolio so as to sustain its rental income generating potential over the portfolio's useful life. In accordance with IFRS, the REIT capitalizes all capital improvement expenditures on its properties which enhance the service potential of the property and extend the useful lives of the asset.

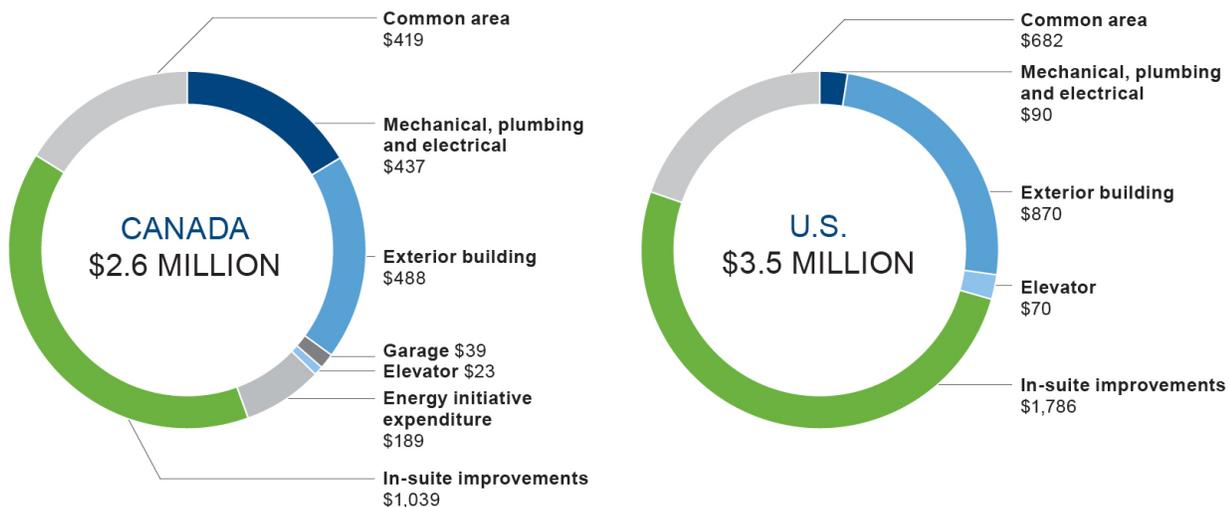
The following table provides additional details on total capital expenditures over the following periods:

| (In thousands of dollars) | Three months ended March 31 | | Year ended December 31 | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2019 | 2018 |
| Common area | \$1,101 | \$768 | \$6,389 | \$3,721 |
| Mechanical, plumbing and electrical | 527 | 324 | 3,959 | 2,083 |
| Exterior building | 1,358 | 825 | 4,782 | 4,772 |
| Garage | 39 | 20 | 752 | 1,471 |
| Elevator | 93 | 48 | 105 | 42 |
| Energy initiative expenditure | 189 | 86 | 3,044 | 5,321 |
| In-suite improvements | 2,825 | 2,779 | 11,597 | 11,540 |
| Total capital expenditures | \$6,132 | \$4,850 | \$30,628 | \$28,950 |

Capital Expenditures by Region

The following details total capital expenditures by region:

For the three months ended March 31, 2020
(In thousands of dollars)



EQUITY-ACCOUNTED INVESTMENTS

The following are the REIT's equity-accounted investments as at March 31, 2020, and December 31, 2019:

| Property | Place of Business | Investment Type | Ownership | | Carrying Value | |
|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | | | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
| The Fenestra | Rockville, MD | Joint Venture | 50% | 50% | \$45,380 | \$41,147 |
| Marquee at Block 37 | Chicago, IL | Joint Venture | 50% | 50% | 70,038 | 65,374 |
| | | | | | \$115,418 | \$106,521 |

The Fenestra at Rockville Town Square ("The Fenestra") was constructed in 2008 and comprises 492 suites across three six-storey buildings, featuring condo-quality amenities located in an urban growth market within commuting distance of Washington, D.C.

The Marquee at Block 37, acquired on December 9, 2019, is a 38-storey apartment building located in the heart of downtown Chicago and features 690 suites and extensive best-in-class amenities. The purchase price of the property (on a 100% basis) was \$355,465 (US\$268,580), including closing costs and was partially funded by a mortgage in the amount of \$218,378 (US\$165,000) at an interest rate of 3.27% for a term of 10 years.

The following table presents the change in the balance of the equity-accounted investments:

| As at (In thousands of Canadian dollars) | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|---|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Balance, beginning of period | \$106,521 | \$40,859 |
| Additions | — | 68,834 |
| Share of net income (loss) | (896) | 97 |
| Foreign exchange gain (loss) | 9,793 | (3,269) |
| Balance, end of period | \$115,418 | \$106,521 |

PART V

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

LIQUIDITY

Net cash flows from operating activities represent the primary source of liquidity to fund distributions and maintenance capital expenditures. The REIT's net cash flows from operating activities depend on the occupancy level of its rental properties, rental rates on its leases, collectibility of rent from its tenants, level of operating expenses and other factors. Material changes in these factors may adversely affect the REIT's cash flows from operating activities and liquidity (see Part VII, "Risks and Uncertainties").

The REIT expects to be able to meet all of its obligations, including distributions to Unitholders, maintenance and property capital expenditure commitments as they become due, and to provide for the future growth of the business. The REIT expects to have sufficient liquidity as a result of cash flows from operating activities and financing available through the Morguard Facility. Accordingly, the REIT does not intend to repay maturing debt from cash flow but rather with proceeds from refinancing such debt, subject to certain conditions (see Part V, "Capital Structure and Debt Profile").

CASH FLOWS

The following table details the changes in cash for the following periods:

For the three months ended March 31
(In thousands of dollars)

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Cash provided by operating activities | \$5,002 | \$8,404 |
| Cash provided by (used in) investing activities | (7,792) | 31,764 |
| Cash provided by (used in) financing activities | 5,921 | (34,361) |
| Net increase in cash during the period | 3,131 | 5,807 |
| Net effect of foreign currency translation on cash balance | (126) | 99 |
| Cash, beginning of period | 17,748 | 16,786 |
| Cash, end of period | \$20,753 | \$22,692 |

Cash Provided by Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities during the three months ended March 31, 2020, was \$5,002, compared to \$8,404 in 2019. The change during the period mainly relates to a decrease in non-cash operating assets and liabilities of \$6,178 and an increase in trust expenses of \$402, partially offset by an increase in foreign exchange gain of \$2,123, an increase in NOI (excluding IFRIC 21 adjustment) of \$833 and a decrease in interest on mortgages of \$226.

Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2020, totalled \$7,792, compared to cash provided by investing activities of \$31,764 during the same period in 2019. The cash used in investing activities during the period consists of the capitalization of property enhancements and development expenditures.

Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities

Cash provided by financing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2020, totalled \$5,921, compared to cash used in financing activities of \$34,361 during the same period in 2019. The cash provided by financing activities during the period was largely due to net proceeds from the Morguard Facility of \$19,700, partially offset by the distributions paid to Unitholders of \$6,657, mortgage principal instalment repayments of \$6,082, distributions to non-controlling interest of \$806 and an increase in restricted cash of \$234.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND DEBT PROFILE

The REIT's capital management is designed to maintain a level of capital that allows it to implement its business strategy while complying with investment and debt restrictions pursuant to the Declaration of Trust, as well as existing debt covenants, while continuing to build long-term Unitholder value and maintaining sufficient capital contingencies.

The total managed capital of the REIT is summarized below:

| As at (In thousands of dollars) | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Mortgages payable, principal balance | \$1,223,813 | \$1,154,960 |
| Class C LP Units and present value of tax payment, principal balance | 86,645 | 87,483 |
| Convertible debentures, face value | 85,500 | 85,500 |
| Lease liability | 10,144 | 9,286 |
| Class B LP Units | 230,617 | 318,455 |
| Unitholders' equity | 1,290,952 | 1,136,363 |
| Total capitalization | \$2,927,671 | \$2,792,047 |

DEBT PROFILE

As at March 31, 2020, the overall leverage, as represented by the ratio of total indebtedness to gross book value was 44.0%. The maximum allowable ratio under the Declaration of Trust is 70%.

The interest coverage ratio and the indebtedness coverage ratio are calculated based on obligations associated with mortgages payable and Class C LP Units, lease liability, the convertible debentures and the Morguard Facility.

The following table summarizes the key liquidity metrics:

| As at | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Total indebtedness to gross book value | 44.0% | 44.1% |
| Weighted average mortgage interest rate ⁽¹⁾ | 3.49% | 3.48% |
| Weighted average term to maturity on mortgages payable (years) | 5.4 | 5.6 |

(1) Represents the contractual interest rates on mortgages payable and Class C LP Units.

| For the three months ended March 31 | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Interest coverage ratio ^{(1) (2)} | 2.36 | 2.26 |
| Indebtedness coverage ratio ^{(1) (3)} | 1.61 | 1.58 |

(1) Excludes realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21, which are adjusted on a *pro rata* basis over the entire fiscal year

(2) Interest coverage ratio is defined as net income before equity income (loss) from investment, interest expense, income taxes, fair value adjustments, foreign exchange loss (gain) and the impact of realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21, divided by interest expense excluding distributions on Class B LP Units and fair value adjustments but including interest on the convertible debentures.

(3) Indebtedness coverage ratio is defined as net income before equity income (loss) from investment, interest expense, income taxes, fair value adjustments, foreign exchange loss (gain), and the impact of realty taxes accounted for under IFRIC 21, divided by interest expense including the contractual payments on mortgages payable and Class C LP Units and interest on the convertible debentures and excluding distributions on Class B LP Units and any fair value adjustments.

MORTGAGES PAYABLE AND CLASS C LP UNITS

Mortgages payable and Class C LP Units consist of the following:

| As at | | | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|--|
| | Mortgages Payable | Class C LP Units | Total | Mortgages Payable and Class C LP Units |
| Principal balance of mortgages | \$1,223,813 | \$77,714 | \$1,301,527 | \$1,233,548 |
| Deferred financing costs | (11,660) | (410) | (12,070) | (12,138) |
| Present value of tax payment on Class C LP Units | — | 8,931 | 8,931 | 8,895 |
| | \$1,212,153 | \$86,235 | \$1,298,388 | \$1,230,305 |
| Range of interest rates | 2.25–4.25% | 3.97% | 2.25–4.25% | 2.25–4.25% |
| Weighted average interest rate | 3.46% | 3.97% | 3.49% | 3.48% |
| Weighted average term to maturity (years) | 5.7 | 1.3 | 5.4 | 5.6 |
| Fair value of mortgages and Class C LP Units | \$1,260,630 | \$78,979 | \$1,339,609 | \$1,261,120 |

As at March 31, 2020, the principal balance on the mortgages payable and Class C LP Units totalled \$1,301,527 (December 31, 2019 - \$1,233,548) and the deferred financing costs associated with the mortgages and Class C LP Units amounted to \$12,070 (December 31, 2019 - \$12,138).

The carrying value of the Class C LP Units that were issued to Morguard in consideration for the Retained Debt (see Part III, "Review of Operational Results") includes the present value of the tax payments, which have been estimated to amount to \$8,931 as at March 31, 2020 (December 31, 2019 - \$8,895).

Mortgages payable and Class C LP Units increased by \$68,083 as at March 31, 2020, to \$1,298,388, compared to \$1,230,305 at December 31, 2019. The increase is mainly due to the following:

- Scheduled principal repayments of \$6,082;
- An increase of \$73,359 due to the change in U.S. dollar foreign exchange rate; and
- Amortization of deferred financing cost and the present value adjustment of tax liability on Class C LP Units, totalling \$806.

Substantially all of the REIT's rental properties and related rental revenue have been pledged as collateral for the mortgages payable. The REIT's first mortgages are registered against specific real estate assets. Short-term fluctuations in working capital are funded through the Morguard Facility.

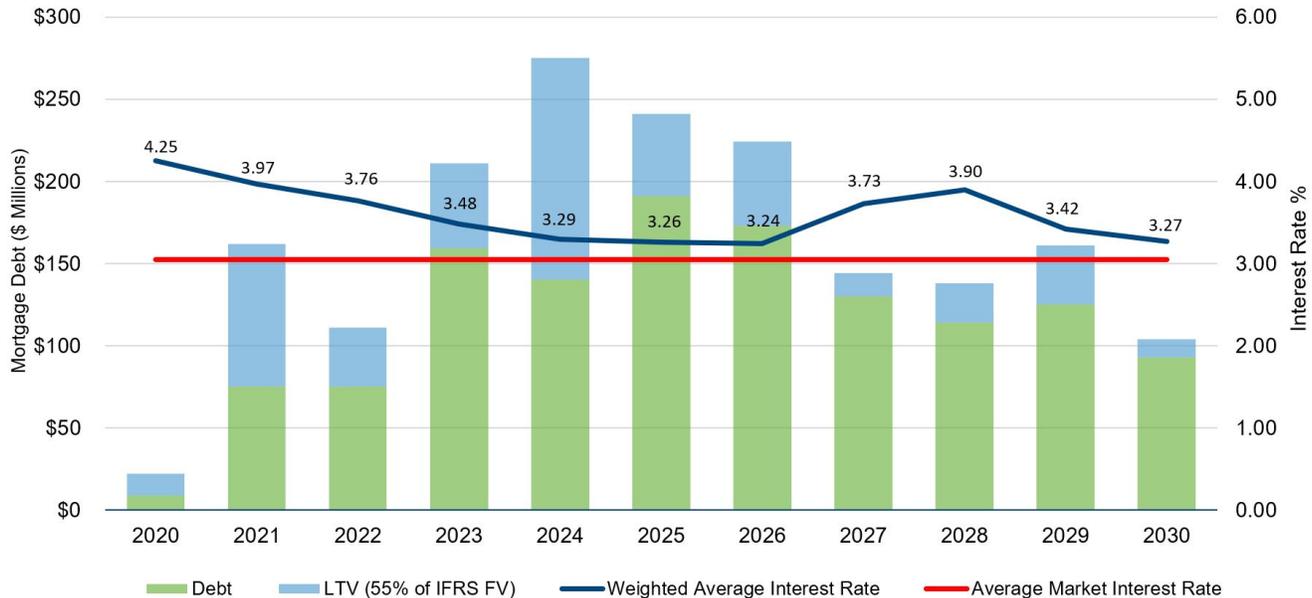
The REIT anticipates meeting all future obligations and has no off balance sheet financing arrangements.

The following table details the REIT's mortgages and Class C LP Units that are scheduled to mature in the next two years.

| Asset Type | 2020 | | | 2021 | | |
|------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Number of Properties | Principal Maturing | Weighted Average Interest Rate | Number of Properties | Principal Maturing | Weighted Average Interest Rate |
| Canada | 1 | \$8,825 | 4.25% | 4 | \$75,280 | 3.97% |
| U.S. | — | — | —% | — | — | —% |
| | 1 | \$8,825 | 4.25% | 4 | \$75,280 | 3.97% |

As at March 31, 2020, the following table illustrates the REIT's mortgages and Class C LP Units (including equity-accounted investments at the REIT's interest), along with the IFRS fair value (at a loan-to-value of 55%) secured against the mortgages by year of maturity:

As at March 31, 2020



CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

Convertible debentures consist of the following:

| As at (In thousands of dollars) | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|
| 4.50% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures | \$85,223 | \$85,223 |
| Fair value of conversion option | 345 | 3,472 |
| Unamortized financing costs | (2,146) | (2,297) |
| | \$83,422 | \$86,398 |

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, interest on the convertible debentures amounting to \$954 (2019 - \$954) is included in interest expense.

4.50% Convertible Unsecured Subordinated Debentures

On February 13, 2018, the REIT issued \$75,000 principal amount of 4.50% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures ("2018 Debentures") maturing on March 31, 2023 ("Maturity Date"). On February 21, 2018, an additional principal amount of \$10,500 was issued pursuant to the exercise of the over-allotment option. Interest is payable semi-annually, not in advance, on March 31 and September 30 of each year, commencing on September 30, 2018. The underwriters' commissions, legal and other issue costs attributable to the 2018 Debentures in the amount of \$3,375 have been capitalized and are being amortized over their term to maturity. Morguard owns \$5,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2018 Debentures.

As at March 31, 2020, and December 31, 2019, \$85,500 of the face value of the 2018 Debentures were outstanding.

Each of the 2018 Debentures can be converted into fully paid, non-assessable and freely tradable Units at the option of the holder at any time prior to the close of business on the earlier of the Maturity Date and the business day immediately preceding the date specified by the REIT for redemption of the 2018 Debentures, at a conversion price of \$20.20 per Unit being a ratio of approximately 49.5050 Units per \$1,000 principal amount of 2018 Debentures.

From April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022, the 2018 Debentures will be redeemable, in whole at any time or in part from time to time, at the option of the REIT on not more than 60 days' and not less than 30 days' prior written notice at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest up to the date fixed for redemption provided that the volume-weighted average trading price of the Units on the TSX (if the Units are then listed on the TSX) for the 20 consecutive trading days ending on the fifth trading day preceding the date on which notice of redemption is given (the "Current Market Price") is not less than 125% of the conversion price. From April 1, 2022, and prior to the Maturity Date, the 2018 Debentures shall be redeemable, in whole at any time or in part from time to time, at the option of the REIT on not more than 60 days' and not less than 30 days' prior written notice at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest up to the date fixed for redemption. Subject to regulatory approval and other conditions, the REIT may, at its option, elect to satisfy its obligation to pay, in whole or in part, the principal amount of the 2018 Debentures that are to be redeemed or that have matured by issuing and delivering that number of freely tradable Units to the debentureholders obtained by dividing the principal amount of the 2018 Debentures being repaid by 95% of the Current Market Price on the date of redemption or maturity, as applicable.

MORGUARD FACILITY

The REIT has an unsecured revolving credit facility with Morguard (the "Morguard Facility") that provides for borrowings or advances that can be drawn or advanced either in Canadian dollars or an equivalent amount in United States dollars subject to the availability of sufficient funds. If in Canadian dollars, interest will be calculated either at the Canadian prime lending rate or at the bankers' acceptance rate plus 1.8%. If the borrowing or advance is in United States dollars, interest will be calculated either at the United States prime lending rate or at the United States dollar London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 1.7%. The maximum allowable to be borrowed or advanced under the Morguard Facility is \$100,000.

As at March 31, 2020, the net amount receivable under the Morguard Facility was \$1,553, comprising an amount receivable of US\$10,681 and a payable \$13,600. As at December 31, 2019, the amount receivable under the Morguard Facility was \$19,972, comprising an amount receivable of US\$10,681 and a receivable of \$6,100.

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the REIT earned net interest income of \$131 (2019 - net interest expense of \$2) on the Morguard Facility.

UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY, SPECIAL VOTING UNITS AND CLASS B LP UNITS

The REIT is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Units. Each Unit confers the right to one vote at any meeting of Unitholders and to participate *pro rata* in the distributions by the REIT and, in the event of termination or winding-up of the REIT, in the net assets of the REIT. The Unitholders have the right to require the REIT to redeem their Units on demand subject to certain conditions. The Units have no par value. Upon receipt of the redemption notice by the REIT, all rights to and under the Units tendered for redemption will cease and the holder thereof will be entitled to receive a price per Unit ("Redemption Price") as determined by a formula outlined in the Declaration of Trust. The Redemption Price will be paid in accordance with the conditions provided for in the Declaration of Trust.

The Trustees have discretion with respect to the timing and amounts of distributions.

The following table summarizes the changes in Units for the period from December 31, 2018, to March 31, 2020:

| Issued and Fully Paid Units (In thousands, except Unit amounts) | Units | Amount |
|---|-------------------|------------------|
| Balance, December 31, 2018 | 33,722,880 | \$368,431 |
| Issuance of Units for cash, net of costs | 5,226,200 | 99,591 |
| Units issued under DRIP | 30,622 | 563 |
| Balance, December 31, 2019 | 38,979,702 | 468,585 |
| Units issued under DRIP | 8,711 | 162 |
| Balance, March 31, 2020 | 38,988,413 | \$468,747 |

On August 28, 2019, the REIT completed an offering for 5,226,200 Units sold for a price of \$19.75 per Unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$103,217. The net proceeds of the offering, after underwriters' commission and other closing costs totalling \$3,626, was \$99,591. Morguard purchased 1,269,000 of the Units offered amounting to \$25,063.

NORMAL COURSE ISSUER BIDS

On December 18, 2019, the REIT obtained the approval of the TSX under its normal course issuer bid ("NCIB") to purchase up to 2,953,852 Units, being approximately 10% of the public float of outstanding Units; the program expires on December 20, 2020. The daily repurchase restriction for the Units is 17,964. Additionally, the REIT may purchase up to \$8,050 principal amount of the 2018 Debentures, being 10% of the public float of outstanding 2018 Debentures. The daily repurchase restriction for the 2018 Debentures is \$11. The price that the REIT would pay for any such Units or 2018 Debentures would be the market price at the time of acquisition.

There were no repurchases of Units under the REIT's NCIB plan for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019.

DISTRIBUTION REINVESTMENT PLAN

Under the REIT's Distribution Reinvestment Plan ("DRIP"), Unitholders can elect to reinvest cash distributions into additional Units at a weighted average closing price of the Units on the TSX for the five trading days immediately preceding the applicable date of distribution. During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the REIT issued 8,711 Units under the DRIP (December 31, 2019 - 30,622 Units).

SPECIAL VOTING UNITS AND CLASS B LP UNITS

The REIT is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Special Voting Units. The Declaration of Trust and the exchange agreement provide for the issuance of the Special Voting Units, which have no economic entitlement in the REIT or in the distribution of assets of the REIT but are used to provide voting rights proportionate to the votes of the Units to holders of securities exchangeable into Units, including the Class B LP Units. Each Special Voting Unit is not transferable separately from the Class B LP Unit to which it is attached and will be automatically redeemed and cancelled upon exchange of the attached Class B LP Unit into a Unit.

On April 18, 2012, the REIT issued 17,223,090 Class B LP Units to Morguard for \$172,231. The Class B LP Units are non-transferable, except under certain circumstances, but are exchangeable on a one-for-one basis into Units of the REIT at any time at the option of the holder. Prior to such exchange, distributions are made on the Class B LP Units in an amount equivalent to the distribution that would have been made had the Units of the REIT been issued. Each Class B LP Unit was accompanied by a Special Voting Unit that entitles the holder to receive notice of, attend and vote at all meetings of the Unitholders. There is no value assigned to the Special Voting Units.

As at March 31, 2020, the REIT valued the Class B LP Units based on the closing price of the TSX-listed Units, which resulted in a fair value liability of \$230,617 (December 31, 2019 - \$318,455) and a corresponding fair value gain for the three months ended March 31, 2020 of \$87,838 (2019 - loss of \$20,668). For the three months ended March 31, 2020, distributions on Class B LP Units amounting to \$3,012 (2019 - \$2,924) are included in interest expense.

As at March 31, 2020, Morguard owned a 44.8% effective interest in the REIT through its ownership of 7,944,166 Units and 17,223,090 Class B LP Units.

As at March 31, 2020, there were 38,988,413 Units and 17,223,090 exchangeable Class B LP Units issued and outstanding.

As at April 28, 2020, there were 38,992,360 Units and 17,223,090 exchangeable Class B LP Units issued and outstanding.

PART VI

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions that are in the normal course of operations are subject to the same processes and controls as other transactions; that is, they are subject to standard approval procedures and management oversight but are also considered by management for reasonability against fair value. Related party transactions that are found to be material are subject to review and approval by the REIT's Audit Committee, which consists of independent directors.

AGREEMENTS WITH MORGUARD AFFILIATES

The REIT, Morguard NAR Canada Limited Partnership (the "Partnership") and its subsidiaries entered into a series of agreements ("Agreements") with certain Morguard affiliates whereby the following services are provided by Morguard's affiliates under the direction of the REIT:

Property Management

Pursuant to the Agreements, Morguard's affiliates administer the day-to-day operations of the Canadian and U.S. income producing properties, for which Morguard's affiliates receive partnership fees and distributions equal to 3.5% of gross property revenue of the income producing properties, payable monthly. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, fees and distributions amounting to \$2,298 (2019 - \$2,186) are included in property operating costs and equity income (loss) from investments.

Asset Management

Pursuant to the Agreements, Morguard's affiliates have certain duties and responsibilities for the strategic management and administration of the Partnership and its subsidiaries, for which they receive partnership fees and distributions equal to 0.25% of the Partnership's gross book value defined as acquisition cost of the REIT's assets plus: (i) fair value adjustments; and (ii) accumulated amortization on property, plant and equipment. In addition, an annual fee and distribution is calculated in arrears, determined by multiplying 15% of the Partnership's funds from operations in excess of \$0.66 per Unit. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, fees and distributions amounting to \$3,433 (2019 - \$2,927) are included in trust expenses and equity income (loss) from investments.

Acquisition

Pursuant to the Agreements, Morguard's affiliates are entitled to receive partnership fees with respect to properties acquired, directly or indirectly, by the REIT from third parties, and the fees are to be paid upon the closing of the purchase of each such property. The fees range from 0% of the purchase price paid for properties acquired directly or indirectly from Morguard, including entities controlled by Morguard, up to 0.75% of the purchase price paid for properties acquired from third parties. There were no fees relating to acquisition services for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019.

Financing

Pursuant to the Agreements, with respect to arranging for financing services, Morguard's affiliates are entitled to receive partnership fees equal to 0.15% of the principal amount and associated costs (excluding mortgage premiums) of any debt financing or refinancing. There were no fees relating to financing services for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019.

Development

Pursuant to the Agreements, Morguard's affiliates are entitled to receive partnership fees equal to 1.00% of development costs where such costs exceed \$1,000 and are incurred in connection with: (i) the construction, enlargement or reconstruction of any building, erection, plant, equipment or improvement on a property; or (ii) any refurbishing, additions, upgrading or restoration of or renovations to existing buildings, erections, plant, equipment or improvements, including redevelopments, other than repair and maintenance in the ordinary course of business. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, fees relating to development services amounting to \$15 (2019 - \$12) are included in property under development.

Other Services

As at March 31, 2020, the REIT had its portfolio appraised by Morguard's appraisal division. Fees relating to appraisal services for the three months ended March 31, 2020, amounting to \$53 (2019 - \$58) are included in trust expenses.

All the Agreements have an initial term of 10 years and are renewable for further terms of five years each, subject to certain notice provisions or upon the occurrence of an event of default as stipulated in the provisions of the Agreements.

PART VII

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The REIT's condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*, as issued by the IASB. The condensed consolidated financial statements use the same accounting policies and methods of their application as the most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the three months ended March 31, 2020, and should be read in conjunction with the most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements.

At this time, the duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic is unknown, as is the effectiveness of the government and central bank interventions. Any estimate of the length and severity of these measures are therefore subject to significant uncertainty, and accordingly estimates of the extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic may, directly or indirectly, materially and adversely affect the REIT's operations, financial results and condition in future periods are also subject to significant uncertainty.

The REIT's condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, use the same accounting policies and methods of their application as the most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements which include the significant accounting policies most affected by estimates and judgments. Management believes it is currently not possible to estimate the impacts COVID-19 will have in determining estimates of fair market value for the REIT's income producing properties and the valuation of financial instruments.

The MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2019, contains a discussion of the significant accounting policies most affected by estimates and judgments used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, being the accounting estimates of fair values of income producing properties and valuation of financial instruments. Management determined that as at March 31, 2020, there is no change to the assessment of the significant accounting policies most affected by estimates and judgments as detailed in the MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2019.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following describes the REIT's recognized and unrecognized financial instruments.

The REIT's financial assets and liabilities comprise cash, restricted cash, amounts receivable, the Morguard Facility, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, mortgages payable and Class C LP Units, Class B LP Units, lease liability and the convertible debentures.

Financial assets must be classified and measured on the basis of both the business model in which the assets are managed and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the asset. Financial assets subsequent to initial recognition are classified and measured based on three categories: amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") and fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). Financial liabilities are classified and measured based on two categories: amortized cost and FVTPL. Fair values of financial assets and liabilities are presented as follows:

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The fair values of cash, restricted cash, amounts receivable, the Morguard Facility and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying values due to the short-term maturity of those instruments.

Mortgages payable and Class C LP Units, lease liability and the convertible debentures are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method of amortization. The estimated fair values of long-term borrowings have been determined based on market information, where available, or by discounting future payments of interest and principal at estimated interest rates expected to be available to the REIT.

The fair values of the mortgages payable and Class C LP Units have been determined by discounting the cash flows of these financial obligations using March 31, 2020, market rates for debts of similar terms. Based on these assumptions, as at March 31, 2020, the fair values of the mortgages payable and Class C LP Units before deferred financing costs and present value of tax payment are estimated at \$1,260,630 and \$78,979 (December 31, 2019 - \$1,181,206 and \$79,914), respectively. The fair values of the mortgages payable and Class C LP Units vary from their carrying values due to fluctuations in market interest rates since their issue.

The fair values of the convertible debentures are based on their market trading price. As at March 31, 2020, the fair value of the convertible debentures before deferred financing costs has been estimated at \$77,805 (December 31, 2019 - \$91,400), compared with the carrying value of \$85,223 (December 31, 2019 - \$85,223).

The fair value of the Class B LP Units is equal to the market trading price of the Units.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

There are certain risks inherent in an investment in the Units and activities of the REIT that investors should carefully consider before investing in securities of the REIT. Risks and uncertainties are disclosed in the REIT's MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2019 and in the Risks and Uncertainties section of the latest Annual Information Form dated, February 11, 2020.

COVID-19 AND OTHER PANDEMIC OR EPIDEMIC

The outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus, specifically identified as "COVID-19", has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to contain the spread of the virus. Outbreaks, or the threat of outbreaks of viruses or other contagions or epidemic or pandemic diseases, including the recent COVID-19 pandemic, may lead to prolonged voluntary or mandatory building closures, business closures, government restrictions on travel and gatherings, quarantines, self-isolation and physical distancing. The impact of these measures may lead to a general shutdown of economic activity and disrupt workforce and business operations both in North America and other parts of the World. Such occurrences, including the outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic, could have a material adverse effect on debt and capital markets, the demand for real estate and the ability of tenants to pay rent. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic is unknown at this time, as is the efficacy of the government and central bank interventions. The pace of recovery following such occurrences cannot be accurately predicted, nor can the impact on the REIT's real estate valuations, equity markets, cash flows, results of operations and the REIT's ability to obtain additional financing or re-financing and ability to make distributions to Unitholders.

Specifically, such enhanced risks associated with COVID-19 may include, but are not limited to:

- (a) the negative impact on Canadian and global debt and equity capital markets, impacting both pricing and availability;
- (b) ability to access capital markets at a reasonable cost;
- (c) the trading price of the REIT's securities;
- (d) a material reduction in rental revenue and related collections due to associated financial hardship and non-essential business orders governing the closure of certain businesses;
- (e) a material increase in vacancy potentially caused by both the resulting economic crisis and the inability of businesses to operate;
- (f) uncertainty of real estate valuations resulting from the impact of a potential decline in revenue and/or lack of market activity and demand for real estate;
- (g) uncertainty delivering services due to illness, REIT or government imposed isolation programs, restrictions on the movement of personnel, closures and supply chain disruptions;
- (h) uncertainty associated with costs, delays and availability of resources required to complete major maintenance and expansion projects on time and budget;
- (i) the impact of additional legislation, regulation, fiscal and monetary policy responses and other government interventions;

The foregoing is not an exhaustive list of all risk factors.

Developments in March and April 2020 regarding the COVID-19 pandemic have resulted in a substantive shift in management's focus towards ensuring the continued health and safety of our employees and service partners, compliance with guidelines and requirements issued by various health authorities and government organizations, and continuity of other critical business operations. We remain focused on delivering our key business operations.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES CONCERNING FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The financial certification process project team has documented and assessed the design of the internal controls in order to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS. This undertaking has enabled the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer to attest that the design of the internal controls with regard to financial information are effective using the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013). In order to ensure that the consolidated financial statements and MD&A present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the REIT and the results of its operations, management is responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures, as well as internal control over financial reporting.

In March, Morguard initiated its crisis management plan in response to the COVID-19 pandemic and several social distancing measures which mandated our employee base to work, where practical, remotely as well to maintain a safe environment for our residents, employees and stakeholders, coordinating efforts across our portfolio, standardizing communications and responding as circumstances demand. The remote work arrangements did not have an impact on the design of the internal controls in order to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS. The REIT will continue to monitor and mitigate the risks associated with changes to its control environment in response to COVID-19.

The REIT's management has evaluated the effectiveness of the REIT's disclosure controls and procedures and, based on such evaluation, has concluded that their design is adequate and effective as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2020. The REIT's management has also evaluated the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting and has concluded that their design is effective as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2020.

An information disclosure policy constitutes the framework for the information disclosure process with regard to the annual and interim filings, as well as to other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation. This policy aims in particular at identifying material information and validating the related reporting. Morguard's Disclosure Committee, established in 2005, is responsible for ensuring compliance with this policy for both Morguard and the REIT. Morguard's senior management acts as the Disclosure Committee, ensuring compliance with this policy and reviewing main documents to be filed with regulatory authorities to ensure that all significant information regarding operations is communicated in a timely manner.

PART VIII

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY INFORMATION

The following table provides a summary of operating results for the last eight quarters.

| (In thousands of dollars, except per Unit amounts) | Revenue | NOI | FFO | Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Unitholders | Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Unitholders per Unit | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|---|------------------------|
| | | | | | Basic | Diluted ⁽¹⁾ |
| March 31, 2020 | \$62,297 | \$17,290 | \$18,107 | \$96,442 | \$1.72 | \$1.61 |
| December 31, 2019 | 61,243 | 38,998 | 17,127 | 34,576 | 0.64 | 0.54 |
| September 30, 2019 | 61,135 | 38,038 | 16,148 | (1,950) | (0.05) | (0.03) |
| June 30, 2019 | 60,960 | 38,989 | 15,697 | 40,719 | 0.80 | 0.77 |
| March 31, 2019 | 62,258 | 16,837 | 15,246 | 3,470 | 0.07 | 0.07 |
| December 31, 2018 | 62,129 | 38,077 | 15,215 | 54,380 | 1.07 | 0.94 |
| September 30, 2018 | 61,172 | 38,183 | 15,510 | 21,550 | 0.41 | 0.41 |
| June 30, 2018 | 59,973 | 38,323 | 15,687 | 17,620 | 0.35 | 0.34 |

(1) Includes the dilutive impact of the convertible debentures.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

A significant portion of the REIT's real estate properties are located in the United States. As a result, the REIT is exposed to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations with respect to its quarterly results derived from its properties located in the U.S.

Quarterly results fluctuate due to acquisitions and dispositions, the impact of foreign exchange rate fluctuations and mortgage refinancing. In addition, net income (loss) includes a number of non-cash components, such as, fair value gain (loss) on Class B LP Units, fair value gain (loss) on real estate properties, an IFRIC 21 adjustment to realty taxes, equity income (loss) from investment and deferred taxes.

During the fourth quarter of 2019, the REIT acquired a 50% interest in a property comprising 690 suites accounted for as an equity investment. The operating results are recognized within equity income (loss) from investments.

During the second quarter of 2019, the REIT disposed a property comprising 48 suites and acquired partial interests in three properties controlled by the REIT.

During the first quarter of 2019, the REIT disposed for four properties comprising 795 suites.

During the second quarter of 2018, the REIT acquired a property comprising of 116 suites that is vacant and classified as a property under development.

Revenue and Net Operating Income

The regional distribution of the REIT's suites serves to add stability to the REIT's cash flows because it reduces the REIT's vulnerability to economic fluctuations affecting any particular region. However, tenant retention and leasing vacant suites are critical to maintaining occupancy levels.

In Canada, certain provinces and territories have enacted residential tenancy legislation that, among other things, imposes rent control guidelines that limit the REIT's ability to raise rental rates at its properties. For the calendar year 2020, the Ontario guideline increase amount was established at 2.2% (1.8% for 2019 and 1.8% for 2018). In addition, overbuilding in the multi-suite residential sector, particularly in the United States, may increase the supply of multi-suite residential properties, further increasing the level of competition in certain markets. Such competition may reduce occupancy rates and rental revenues of the REIT and, consequently, revenue and operating results.

The REIT has seen steady revenue growth during the last eight quarters resulting from an increase in Same Property revenue. The decline in revenue since the quarter ended March 31, 2019, is a result of the impact of the disposal of five properties during the first half of 2019, which was partially offset by an increase in Same Property revenue.

As at March 31, 2020, Same Property occupancy in Canada was 98.8%, reflecting stable demand predominantly in Ontario. Approximately 79% of the suites in Canada are located in the GTA. The GTA is Canada's most significant economic cluster and contains the largest concentration of people.

As at March 31, 2020, Same Property occupancy in the U.S. was 95.8% as the REIT's overall U.S. occupancy reached near optimum levels, improving year over year in all U.S. regions except for a single property located in Maryland, resulting from increased marketing efforts and a focus on resident retention.

Similar to revenue, NOI has profiled steady growth over the last eight quarters resulting from an increase in revenue and the REIT's ability to control expenses as a percentage of revenue. The impact of foreign exchange rates and of acquisitions and dispositions also factor into the variance from quarter to quarter. Furthermore, the first quarter results (three months ended March 31) are impacted by IFRIC 21, whereby the REIT records the entire annual realty tax expense for its U.S. properties on January 1, except for U.S. properties acquired during the year in which the realty taxes are not recorded in the year of acquisition. As a result, the second, third and fourth quarters typically have no realty tax expense which results in higher NOI and NOI margins.

Net Income Attributable to Unitholders

Taking into account the above factors for revenue and NOI variations, the change in net income is predominantly due to a change in non-cash components described below:

- The REIT valued the Class B LP Units based on the closing price of the TSX-listed Units. During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the volatility of the stock market from the impact of the global health crisis resulted in a significant decline in the REIT's Unit price and a fair value gain on the Class B LP Units. Prior to the quarter ended March 31, 2020, there has generally been an upward trend in the trading price of the REIT's Units resulting in a fair value loss on Class B LP Units;
- The REIT has recorded a fair value gain on real estate properties for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, due to an overall compression in capitalization rates;
- The REIT has recorded deferred tax expense coinciding with the fair value gains of the REIT's U.S. real estate properties.

PART IX

RECONCILIATION OF NON-IFRS MEASURES

The REIT's proportionate consolidated financial statements are as follows:

BALANCE SHEETS

| As at March 31, 2020 | Non-IFRS Adjustments | | | | Proportionate Basis (Non-IFRS) |
|--|----------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| | IFRS | NCI Share | Equity Interest | IFRIC 21 | |
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Non-current assets | | | | | |
| Real estate properties | \$3,039,139 | (\$206,892) | \$284,132 | (\$20,691) | \$3,095,688 |
| Equity-accounted investments | 115,418 | — | (115,418) | — | — |
| | 3,154,557 | (206,892) | 168,714 | (20,691) | 3,095,688 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Morguard Facility | 1,553 | — | — | — | 1,553 |
| Amounts receivable | 4,386 | (372) | 663 | — | 4,677 |
| Prepaid expenses | 6,207 | (114) | 423 | — | 6,516 |
| Restricted cash | 10,151 | (134) | 1,230 | — | 11,247 |
| Cash | 20,753 | (30) | 1,781 | — | 22,504 |
| | 43,050 | (650) | 4,097 | — | 46,497 |
| | \$3,197,607 | (\$207,542) | \$172,811 | (\$20,691) | \$3,142,185 |
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | | | | |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | | |
| Mortgages payable and Class C LP Units | \$1,267,972 | (\$106,729) | \$166,461 | \$— | \$1,327,704 |
| Convertible debentures | 83,422 | — | — | — | 83,422 |
| Class B LP Units | 230,617 | — | — | — | 230,617 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | 128,214 | — | — | — | 128,214 |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 10,144 | — | — | — | 10,144 |
| | 1,720,369 | (106,729) | 166,461 | — | 1,780,101 |
| Current liabilities | | | | | |
| Mortgages payable and Class C LP Units | 30,416 | (63) | — | — | 30,353 |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 58,657 | (3,537) | 6,350 | (20,691) | 40,779 |
| | 89,073 | (3,600) | 6,350 | (20,691) | 71,132 |
| Total liabilities | 1,809,442 | (110,329) | 172,811 | (20,691) | 1,851,233 |
| EQUITY | | | | | |
| Unitholders' equity | 1,290,952 | — | — | — | 1,290,952 |
| Non-controlling interest | 97,213 | (97,213) | — | — | — |
| Total equity | 1,388,165 | (97,213) | — | — | 1,290,952 |
| | \$3,197,607 | (\$207,542) | \$172,811 | (\$20,691) | \$3,142,185 |

The following table provides a reconciliation of gross book value and Indebtedness as defined in the Declaration of Trust from their IFRS financial statement presentation:

| As at March 31, 2020 | Non-IFRS Adjustments | | | | Proportionate Basis (Non-IFRS) |
|--|----------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| | IFRS | NCI Share | Equity Interest | IFRIC 21 | |
| Total Assets / Gross book value⁽¹⁾ | \$3,197,607 | (\$207,542) | \$172,811 | (\$20,691) | \$3,142,185 |
| Mortgage payable and Class C LP Units | \$1,298,388 | (\$106,792) | \$166,461 | \$— | \$1,358,057 |
| Add: deferred financing costs | 12,070 | (436) | 911 | — | 12,545 |
| | 1,310,458 | (107,228) | 167,372 | — | 1,370,602 |
| Convertible debentures, face value | 85,500 | — | — | — | 85,500 |
| Lease liability | 10,144 | — | — | — | 10,144 |
| Indebtedness | \$1,406,102 | (\$107,228) | \$167,372 | \$— | \$1,466,246 |
| Indebtedness / Gross book value | 44.0% | | | | 46.7% |

(1) Gross book value (as defined in the Declaration of Trust) includes the impact of any fair value adjustments.

STATEMENTS OF INCOME

| For the three months ended March 31 (In thousands of dollars) | 2020 | | | | | 2019 | | | | |
|--|----------------------|--------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Non-IFRS Adjustments | | | | Proportionate Basis (Non-IFRS) | Non-IFRS Adjustments | | | | Proportionate Basis (Non-IFRS) |
| | IFRS | NCI Share | Equity Interest | IFRIC 21 | | IFRS | NCI Share | Equity Interest | IFRIC 21 | |
| Revenue from properties | | | | | | | | | | |
| Same Property | \$61,891 | (\$3,612) | \$1,786 | \$— | \$60,065 | \$59,813 | (\$3,554) | \$1,707 | \$— | \$57,966 |
| Acquisitions / Dispositions | 406 | — | 3,511 | — | 3,917 | 2,445 | (388) | — | — | 2,057 |
| Total revenue from properties | 62,297 | (3,612) | 5,297 | — | 63,982 | 62,258 | (3,942) | 1,707 | — | 60,023 |
| Property operating expenses | | | | | | | | | | |
| Same Property | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating costs | 15,704 | (812) | 468 | — | 15,360 | 14,437 | (837) | 577 | — | 14,177 |
| Realty taxes | 24,716 | (2,474) | 1,105 | (16,009) | 7,338 | 24,274 | (2,295) | 1,092 | (15,334) | 7,737 |
| Utilities | 4,433 | (156) | 117 | — | 4,394 | 4,847 | (183) | 221 | — | 4,885 |
| Same Property | 44,853 | (3,442) | 1,690 | (16,009) | 27,092 | 43,558 | (3,315) | 1,890 | (15,334) | 26,799 |
| Acquisitions / Dispositions | 154 | — | 3,136 | (1,762) | 1,528 | 1,863 | (147) | — | (412) | 1,304 |
| Total property operating expenses | 45,007 | (3,442) | 4,826 | (17,771) | 28,620 | 45,421 | (3,462) | 1,890 | (15,746) | 28,103 |
| NOI | | | | | | | | | | |
| Same Property | 17,038 | (170) | 96 | 16,009 | 32,973 | 16,255 | (239) | (183) | 15,334 | 31,167 |
| Acquisitions / Dispositions | 252 | — | 375 | 1,762 | 2,389 | 582 | (241) | — | 412 | 753 |
| Total NOI⁽¹⁾ | 17,290 | (170) | 471 | 17,771 | 35,362 | 16,837 | (480) | (183) | 15,746 | 31,920 |
| Other expenses (income) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest expense | 12,866 | (938) | 1,364 | — | 13,292 | 18,043 | (995) | 431 | — | 17,479 |
| Trust expenses | 3,868 | (70) | 171 | — | 3,969 | 3,466 | (69) | 55 | — | 3,452 |
| Equity loss (income) from investments | 896 | — | (896) | — | — | (553) | — | 553 | — | — |
| Foreign exchange loss (gain) | (1,793) | — | — | — | (1,793) | 330 | — | — | — | 330 |
| Other income | (155) | — | — | — | (155) | (14) | — | — | — | (14) |
| Income (loss) before fair value changes and income taxes | 1,608 | 838 | (168) | 17,771 | 20,049 | (4,435) | 584 | (1,222) | 15,746 | 10,673 |
| Fair value gain on real estate properties, net | 10,457 | (1,556) | 168 | (17,771) | (8,702) | 27,833 | (840) | 1,222 | (15,746) | 12,469 |
| Fair value gain (loss) on Class B LP Units | 87,838 | — | — | — | 87,838 | (20,668) | — | — | — | (20,668) |
| Income before income taxes | 99,903 | (718) | — | — | 99,185 | 2,730 | (256) | — | — | 2,474 |
| Provision for (recovery of) income taxes | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current | 34 | — | — | — | 34 | 33 | — | — | — | 33 |
| Deferred | 2,709 | — | — | — | 2,709 | (1,029) | — | — | — | (1,029) |
| | 2,743 | — | — | — | 2,743 | (996) | — | — | — | (996) |
| Net income for the period | \$97,160 | (\$718) | \$— | \$— | \$96,442 | \$3,726 | (\$256) | \$— | \$— | \$3,470 |
| (1) NOI included the following: | | | | | | | | | | |
| IFRIC 21 | \$17,024 | (\$1,844) | \$2,591 | (\$17,771) | \$— | \$16,644 | (\$1,717) | \$819 | (\$15,746) | \$— |

The following table provides a reconciliation of interest and indebtedness coverage ratios from their IFRS financial statement presentation:

| For the three months ended March 31 (In thousands of dollars) | 2020 | | | | | 2019 | | | | |
|---|----------------------|--------------|--------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|
| | Non-IFRS Adjustments | | | | Proportionate Basis (Non-IFRS) | Non-IFRS Adjustments | | | | Proportionate Basis (Non-IFRS) |
| | IFRS | NCI Share | Equity Interest | IFRIC 21 | | IFRS | NCI Share | Equity Interest | IFRIC 21 | |
| NOI | \$17,290 | (\$170) | \$471 | \$17,771 | \$35,362 | \$16,837 | (\$480) | (\$183) | \$15,746 | \$31,920 |
| IFRIC 21 adjustment | 17,024 | (1,844) | 2,591 | (17,771) | — | 16,644 | (1,717) | 819 | (15,746) | — |
| Trust expenses | (3,868) | 70 | (171) | — | (3,969) | (3,466) | 69 | (55) | — | (3,452) |
| Other income | 155 | — | — | — | 155 | 14 | — | — | — | 14 |
| | \$30,601 | (\$1,944) | \$2,891 | \$— | \$31,548 | \$30,029 | (\$2,128) | \$581 | \$— | \$28,482 |
| Interest expense | \$12,866 | (\$938) | \$1,364 | \$— | \$13,292 | \$18,043 | (\$995) | \$431 | \$— | \$17,479 |
| Loss on extinguishment of mortgages | — | — | — | — | — | (491) | — | — | — | (491) |
| Fair value gain (loss) on conversion option on the convertible debentures | 3,127 | — | — | — | 3,127 | (1,352) | — | — | — | (1,352) |
| Distributions on Class B LP Units | (3,012) | — | — | — | (3,012) | (2,924) | — | — | — | (2,924) |
| | \$12,981 | (\$938) | \$1,364 | \$— | \$13,407 | \$13,276 | (\$995) | \$431 | \$— | \$12,712 |
| Interest coverage ratio | 2.36 | | | | 2.35 | 2.26 | | | | 2.24 |
| Indebtedness coverage ratio | 1.61 | | | | 1.63 | 1.58 | | | | 1.56 |

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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BALANCE SHEETS

In thousands of Canadian dollars

| As at | Note | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|------|--------------------|--------------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Real estate properties | 3 | \$3,039,139 | \$2,872,658 |
| Equity-accounted investments | 4 | 115,418 | 106,521 |
| | | 3,154,557 | 2,979,179 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Morguard Facility | 8 | 1,553 | 19,972 |
| Amounts receivable | | 4,386 | 3,332 |
| Prepaid expenses | | 6,207 | 4,106 |
| Restricted cash | | 10,151 | 9,090 |
| Cash | | 20,753 | 17,748 |
| | | 43,050 | 54,248 |
| | | \$3,197,607 | \$3,033,427 |
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | | |
| Non-current liabilities | | | |
| Mortgages payable and Class C LP Units | 5 | \$1,267,972 | \$1,200,587 |
| Convertible debentures | 6 | 83,422 | 86,398 |
| Class B LP Units | 7 | 230,617 | 318,455 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | | 128,214 | 114,763 |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 9 | 10,144 | 9,286 |
| | | 1,720,369 | 1,729,489 |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Mortgages payable and Class C LP Units | 5 | 30,416 | 29,718 |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 9 | 58,657 | 48,427 |
| | | 89,073 | 78,145 |
| Total liabilities | | 1,809,442 | 1,807,634 |
| EQUITY | | | |
| Unitholders' equity | | 1,290,952 | 1,136,363 |
| Non-controlling interest | | 97,213 | 89,430 |
| Total equity | | 1,388,165 | 1,225,793 |
| | | \$3,197,607 | \$3,033,427 |

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF INCOME

In thousands of Canadian dollars

| For the three months ended March 31 | Note | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|------|-----------------|----------|
| Revenue from real estate properties | 11 | \$62,297 | \$62,258 |
| Property operating expenses | | | |
| Property operating costs | | (15,777) | (15,531) |
| Realty taxes | | (24,764) | (24,831) |
| Utilities | | (4,466) | (5,059) |
| Net operating income | | 17,290 | 16,837 |
| Other expenses (income) | | | |
| Interest expense | 12 | 12,866 | 18,043 |
| Trust expenses | 13 | 3,868 | 3,466 |
| Equity loss (income) from investments | 4 | 896 | (553) |
| Foreign exchange loss (gain) | | (1,793) | 330 |
| Other income | | (155) | (14) |
| Income (loss) before fair value changes and income taxes | | 1,608 | (4,435) |
| Fair value gain on real estate properties, net | 3 | 10,457 | 27,833 |
| Fair value gain (loss) on Class B LP Units | 7 | 87,838 | (20,668) |
| Income before income taxes | | 99,903 | 2,730 |
| Provision for (recovery of) income taxes | | | |
| Current | | 34 | 33 |
| Deferred | | 2,709 | (1,029) |
| | | 2,743 | (996) |
| Net income for the period | | \$97,160 | \$3,726 |
| Net income attributable to: | | | |
| Unitholders | | \$96,442 | \$3,470 |
| Non-controlling interest | | 718 | 256 |
| | | \$97,160 | \$3,726 |

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

In thousands of Canadian dollars

| For the three months ended March 31 | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|------------------|-------------------|
| Net income for the period | \$97,160 | \$3,726 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) | | |
| Item that may be reclassified subsequently to net income: | | |
| Unrealized foreign currency translation gain (loss) | 72,675 | (16,228) |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period | \$169,835 | (\$12,502) |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to: | | |
| Unitholders | \$161,246 | (\$10,910) |
| Non-controlling interest | 8,589 | (1,592) |
| | \$169,835 | (\$12,502) |

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY

In thousands of Canadian dollars

| | Note | Units | Contributed Surplus | Retained Earnings | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income | Total Unitholders' Equity | Non-controlling Interest | Total Equity |
|---|-------|------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Unitholders' equity, December 31, 2018 | | \$368,431 | \$48,762 | \$482,605 | \$118,625 | \$1,018,423 | \$109,438 | \$1,127,861 |
| Changes during the period: | | | | | | | | |
| Net income | | — | — | 3,470 | — | 3,470 | 256 | 3,726 |
| Other comprehensive loss | | — | — | — | (14,380) | (14,380) | (1,848) | (16,228) |
| Issue of Units - DRIP | | 128 | — | (128) | — | — | — | — |
| Distributions | | — | — | (5,599) | — | (5,599) | (892) | (6,491) |
| Unitholders' equity, March 31, 2019 | | \$368,559 | \$48,762 | \$480,348 | \$104,245 | \$1,001,914 | \$106,954 | \$1,108,868 |
| Changes during the period: | | | | | | | | |
| Net income | | — | — | 73,345 | — | 73,345 | 3,057 | 76,402 |
| Other comprehensive loss | | — | — | — | (20,122) | (20,122) | (2,449) | (22,571) |
| Increase in subsidiary ownership interest | | — | — | — | — | — | (15,497) | (15,497) |
| Issue of Units | | 99,591 | — | — | — | 99,591 | — | 99,591 |
| Issue of Units - DRIP | | 435 | — | (435) | — | — | — | — |
| Distributions | | — | — | (18,365) | — | (18,365) | (2,635) | (21,000) |
| Unitholders' equity, December 31, 2019 | | \$468,585 | \$48,762 | \$534,893 | \$84,123 | \$1,136,363 | \$89,430 | \$1,225,793 |
| Changes during the period: | | | | | | | | |
| Net income | | — | — | 96,442 | — | 96,442 | 718 | 97,160 |
| Other comprehensive income | | — | — | — | 64,804 | 64,804 | 7,871 | 72,675 |
| Issue of Units - DRIP | 10(d) | 162 | — | (162) | — | — | — | — |
| Distributions | 10(d) | — | — | (6,657) | — | (6,657) | (806) | (7,463) |
| Unitholders' equity, March 31, 2020 | | \$468,747 | \$48,762 | \$624,516 | \$148,927 | \$1,290,952 | \$97,213 | \$1,388,165 |

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

In thousands of Canadian dollars

| For the three months ended March 31 | Note | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|-------|-----------------|-----------------|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Net income | | \$97,160 | \$3,726 |
| Add (deduct) items not affecting cash | 16(a) | (79,562) | 11,049 |
| Additions to tenant incentives | | (180) | (133) |
| Net change in non-cash operating assets and liabilities | 16(b) | (12,416) | (6,238) |
| Cash provided by operating activities | | 5,002 | 8,404 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Additions to income producing properties | 3 | (6,132) | (4,850) |
| Additions to property under development | 3 | (1,660) | (436) |
| Proceeds from sale of income producing properties, net | | — | 37,050 |
| Cash provided by (used in) investing activities | | (7,792) | 31,764 |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Repayment of mortgages and Class C LP Units | | | |
| Repayment due to mortgage extinguishment | | — | (11,331) |
| Principal instalment repayments | | (6,082) | (5,696) |
| Repayment of Morguard Facility | | — | (27,686) |
| Proceeds from Morguard Facility | | 19,700 | 16,000 |
| Distributions to Unitholders | | (6,657) | (5,599) |
| Distributions to non-controlling interest | | (806) | (892) |
| Decrease (increase) in restricted cash | | (234) | 843 |
| Cash provided by (used in) financing activities | | 5,921 | (34,361) |
| Net increase in cash during the period | | 3,131 | 5,807 |
| Net effect of foreign currency translation on cash balance | | (126) | 99 |
| Cash, beginning of period | | 17,748 | 16,786 |
| Cash, end of period | | \$20,753 | \$22,692 |

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTES

For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019

In thousands of Canadian dollars, except Unit and per Unit amounts and where otherwise noted

NOTE 1

NATURE AND FORMATION OF TRUST

Morguard North American Residential Real Estate Investment Trust (the "REIT") is an unincorporated open-ended real estate investment trust established pursuant to a Declaration of Trust dated March 1, 2012, and as amended and restated on April 18, 2012 (the "Declaration of Trust"), under and governed by the laws of the Province of Ontario. The trust units of the REIT ("Units") trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol "MRG.UN." The REIT invests in multi-suite residential rental properties in Canada and the United States. The REIT's head office is located at 55 City Centre Drive, Suite 1000, Mississauga, Ontario, L5B 1M3.

The REIT holds its investments in its real estate properties through its ownership in Morguard NAR Canada Limited Partnership (the "Partnership"). As at March 31, 2020, Morguard Corporation ("Morguard"), the parent company of the REIT, holds an indirect 44.8% interest through its ownership of 7,944,166 Units and 17,223,090 Class B LP Units.

NOTE 2

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and thus do not contain all the disclosures applicable to the annual audited consolidated financial statements.

The condensed consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Trustees on April 28, 2020.

These condensed consolidated financial statements use the same accounting policies and methods of their application as the most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements.

Foreign Exchange

The foreign exchange rates for the current and prior reporting periods are as follows:

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|-----------------|----------|
| Canadian dollar to United States dollar exchange rates: | | |
| - As at March 31 | \$0.7049 | \$0.7483 |
| - As at December 31 | — | 0.7699 |
| - Average for the three months ended March 31 | 0.7435 | 0.7522 |
| United States dollar to Canadian dollar exchange rates: | | |
| - As at March 31 | 1.4187 | 1.3363 |
| - As at December 31 | — | 1.2988 |
| - Average for the three months ended March 31 | 1.3449 | 1.3295 |

NOTE 3

REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES

Reconciliations of the carrying amounts for real estate properties at the beginning and end of the current period and prior financial year are set out below:

| As at | March 31, 2020 | | | December 31, 2019 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | Income Producing Properties | Property Under Development | Total | Total |
| Balance, beginning of period | \$2,849,895 | \$22,763 | \$2,872,658 | \$2,932,835 |
| Additions: | | | | |
| Capital expenditures | 6,132 | — | 6,132 | 30,628 |
| Development expenditures | — | 1,660 | 1,660 | 6,995 |
| Dispositions | — | — | — | (63,809) |
| Fair value gain, net | 10,457 | — | 10,457 | 55,569 |
| Foreign currency translation | 146,134 | 2,192 | 148,326 | (81,608) |
| Other | (94) | — | (94) | (7,952) |
| Balance, end of period | \$3,012,524 | \$26,615 | \$3,039,139 | \$2,872,658 |

As at March 31, 2020, and December 31, 2019, the REIT had its portfolio appraised by Morguard's appraisal division. In addition, the REIT's U.S. portfolio is appraised by independent U.S. real estate appraisal firms on a three-year cycle.

The REIT utilizes the direct capitalization income method to appraise its portfolio. This method requires that rental income from current leases and key assumptions about rental income, vacancies and inflation rates among other factors are used to determine a one-year stabilized net operating income forecast for each individual property within the REIT's portfolio and also considers any capital expenditures anticipated within the year. A capitalization rate was also determined for each property based on market information related to the external sale of similar properties within a similar location. These factors were used to determine the fair value of income producing properties at each reporting period.

As at March 31, 2020, using the direct capitalization income approach, the properties were valued using capitalization rates in the range of 4.0% to 6.8% (December 31, 2019 - 4.0% to 6.8%), resulting in an overall weighted average capitalization rate of 4.7% (December 31, 2019 - 4.7%).

The average capitalization rates by location are set out in the following table:

| | March 31, 2020 Capitalization Rates | | | December 31, 2019 Capitalization Rates | | |
|----------------------|--|---------|---------------------|---|---------|---------------------|
| | Maximum | Minimum | Weighted Average | Maximum | Minimum | Weighted Average |
| Canada | | | | | | |
| Alberta | 5.0% | 5.0% | 5.0% | 5.0% | 5.0% | 5.0% |
| Ontario | 4.5% | 4.0% | 4.2% | 4.5% | 4.0% | 4.2% |
| United States | | | | | | |
| Colorado | 5.3% | 5.3% | 5.3% | 5.3% | 5.3% | 5.3% |
| Texas | 5.3% | 5.0% | 5.0% | 5.3% | 5.0% | 5.0% |
| Louisiana | 6.8% | 5.5% | 6.0% | 6.8% | 5.5% | 6.0% |
| Illinois | 4.5% | 4.5% | 4.5% | 4.5% | 4.5% | 4.5% |
| Georgia | 5.5% | 5.0% | 5.4% | 5.5% | 5.0% | 5.4% |
| Florida | 6.5% | 4.8% | 5.5% | 6.5% | 4.8% | 5.5% |
| North Carolina | 5.3% | 5.0% | 5.1% | 5.3% | 5.0% | 5.1% |
| Virginia | 4.8% | 4.8% | 4.8% | 4.8% | 4.8% | 4.8% |

Fair values are most sensitive to changes in capitalization rates and stabilized net operating income. Generally, an increase in stabilized net operating income will result in an increase in the fair value of the real estate properties, and an increase in capitalization rates will result in a decrease in the fair value of the properties. The capitalization rate magnifies the effect of a change in stabilized net operating income, with a lower capitalization rate resulting in a greater impact on the fair value of the property than a higher capitalization rate. If the weighted average stabilized capitalization rate were to increase or decrease by 25 basis points (assuming no change to stabilized net operating income), the value of the real estate properties as at March 31, 2020 would decrease by \$151,506 or increase by \$168,763, respectively.

NOTE 4 EQUITY-ACCOUNTED INVESTMENTS

The following is the REIT's equity-accounted investments as at March 31, 2020, and December 31, 2019:

| Property | Principal Place of Business | Investment Type | REIT's Ownership | | Carrying Value | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | | | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
| The Fenestra | Rockville, MD | Joint Venture | 50% | 50% | \$45,380 | \$41,147 |
| Marquee at Block 37 | Chicago, IL | Joint Venture | 50% | 50% | 70,038 | 65,374 |
| | | | | | \$115,418 | \$106,521 |

The following table presents the change in the balance of the equity-accounted investments:

| As at | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Balance, beginning of period | \$106,521 | \$40,859 |
| Additions | — | 68,834 |
| Share of net income (loss) | (896) | 97 |
| Foreign exchange gain (loss) | 9,793 | (3,269) |
| Balance, end of period | \$115,418 | \$106,521 |

On December 9, 2019, the REIT acquired a 50% interest in a property comprising 690 suites located in Chicago, Illinois, ("Marquee at Block 37") for \$68,834 (US\$52,009). The REIT has joint control of the investment and accounts for its investment using the equity method. The purchase price of the property (on a 100% basis) was \$355,465 (US\$268,580), including closing costs and was partially funded by a mortgage in the amount of \$218,378 (US\$165,000) at an interest rate of 3.27% for a term of 10 years.

The following tables present the financial results of the REIT's equity-accounted investments on a 100% basis:

| As at | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Non-current assets | \$568,264 | \$515,235 |
| Current assets | 8,193 | 5,501 |
| Total assets | \$576,457 | \$520,736 |
| Non-current liabilities | \$332,921 | \$304,725 |
| Current liabilities | 12,701 | 2,970 |
| Total liabilities | \$345,622 | \$307,695 |
| Net assets | \$230,835 | \$213,041 |
| Equity-accounted investments | \$115,418 | \$106,521 |

| For the three months ended March 31 | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|------------------|----------------|
| Revenue | \$10,594 | \$3,413 |
| Expenses | (12,721) | (4,752) |
| Fair value gain on income producing property | 335 | 2,444 |
| Net income (loss) for the period | (\$1,792) | \$1,105 |
| Income (loss) in equity-accounted investments | (\$896) | \$553 |

NOTE 5

MORTGAGES PAYABLE AND CLASS C LP UNITS

Mortgages payable and Class C LP Units consist of the following:

| As at | March 31, 2020 | | | December 31, 2019 |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|
| | Mortgages Payable | Class C LP Units | Total | Mortgages Payable and Class C LP Units |
| Principal balance of mortgages | \$1,223,813 | \$77,714 | \$1,301,527 | \$1,233,548 |
| Deferred financing costs | (11,660) | (410) | (12,070) | (12,138) |
| Present value of tax payment on Class C LP Units | — | 8,931 | 8,931 | 8,895 |
| | \$1,212,153 | \$86,235 | \$1,298,388 | \$1,230,305 |
| Current | \$27,187 | \$3,229 | \$30,416 | \$29,718 |
| Non-current | 1,184,966 | 83,006 | 1,267,972 | 1,200,587 |
| | \$1,212,153 | \$86,235 | \$1,298,388 | \$1,230,305 |
| Range of interest rates | 2.25–4.25% | 3.97% | 2.25–4.25% | 2.25–4.25% |
| Weighted average interest rate | 3.46% | 3.97% | 3.49% | 3.48% |
| Weighted average term to maturity (years) | 5.7 | 1.3 | 5.4 | 5.6 |
| Fair value of mortgages and Class C LP Units | \$1,260,630 | \$78,979 | \$1,339,609 | \$1,261,120 |

Morguard retained the mortgages on four properties that were sold to the REIT (the “Retained Debt”) and also retained the deferred financing costs associated with the Retained Debt. Morguard remains responsible for the interest and principal payments on the Retained Debt, and the Retained Debt is secured by a charge on the properties.

In consideration of the Retained Debt, Morguard received Class C LP Units of the Partnership on which distribution payments are made in an amount expected to be sufficient to permit Morguard to satisfy the amount payable with respect to: (i) principal and interest under the Retained Debt; and (ii) the amount of tax that is due and payable that is reasonably attributable to any distributions on the Class C LP Units.

The REIT’s first mortgages are registered against specific real estate assets, and the Retained Debt is secured by charges on the four properties. The REIT provided Morguard’s creditors with a guarantee with respect to the Retained Debt to ensure the lenders are not prejudiced in their ability to collect from Morguard in the event that payments on the Class C LP Units are not made as expected. Morguard has also provided an indemnity to the REIT for any losses suffered by the REIT in the event payments on the Retained Debt are not made as required provided such losses are not attributable to any action or failure to act on the part of the REIT.

Substantially all of the REIT’s rental properties and related rental revenue have been pledged as collateral for the mortgages payable.

The aggregate principal repayments and balances maturing of the mortgages payable and the Class C LP Units as at March 31, 2020, together with the weighted average contractual interest rate on debt maturing in the next five years and thereafter, are as follows:

| | Principal Instalment Repayments | Balances Maturing | Total | Weighted Average Contractual Rate |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---|
| 2020 (remainder of the year) | \$18,012 | \$8,825 | \$26,837 | 4.25% |
| 2021 | 25,513 | 75,280 | 100,793 | 3.97% |
| 2022 | 27,832 | 74,905 | 102,737 | 3.76% |
| 2023 | 24,773 | 159,387 | 184,160 | 3.48% |
| 2024 | 21,788 | 140,446 | 162,234 | 3.29% |
| Thereafter | 35,997 | 688,769 | 724,766 | 3.46% |
| | \$153,915 | \$1,147,612 | \$1,301,527 | 3.49% |

NOTE 6

CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

Convertible debentures consist of the following:

| As at | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|
| 4.50% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures | \$85,223 | \$85,223 |
| Fair value of conversion option | 345 | 3,472 |
| Unamortized financing costs | (2,146) | (2,297) |
| | \$83,422 | \$86,398 |

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, interest on the convertible debentures amounting to \$954 (2019 - \$954) is included in interest expense (Note 12). As at March 31, 2020, \$11 (December 31, 2019 - \$980) is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

4.50% Convertible Unsecured Subordinated Debentures

On February 13, 2018, the REIT issued \$75,000 principal amount of 4.50% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures (the "2018 Debentures") maturing on March 31, 2023 (the "Maturity Date"). On February 21, 2018, an additional principal amount of \$10,500 was issued pursuant to the exercise of the over-allotment option. Interest is payable semi-annually, not in advance, on March 31 and September 30 of each year. The underwriters' commissions, legal and other issue costs attributable to the 2018 Debentures in the amount of \$3,375 have been capitalized and are being amortized over their term to maturity. Morguard owns \$5,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2018 Debentures.

As at March 31, 2020, and December 31, 2019, \$85,500 of the face value of the 2018 Debentures were outstanding.

Each of the 2018 Debentures can be converted into fully paid, non-assessable and freely tradable Units at the option of the holder at any time prior to the close of business on the earlier of the Maturity Date and the business day immediately preceding the date specified by the REIT for redemption of the 2018 Debentures, at a conversion price of \$20.20 per Unit, being a ratio of approximately 49.5050 Units per \$1,000 principal amount of 2018 Debentures.

From April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022, the 2018 Debentures will be redeemable, in whole at any time or in part from time to time, at the option of the REIT on not more than 60 days' and not less than 30 days' prior written notice at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest up to the date fixed for redemption, provided that the volume-weighted average trading price of the Units on the TSX (if the Units are then listed on the TSX) for the 20 consecutive trading days ending on the fifth trading day preceding the date on which notice of redemption is given (the "Current Market Price") is not less than 125% of the conversion price. From April 1, 2022, and prior to the Maturity Date, the 2018 Debentures shall be redeemable, in whole at any time or in part from time to time, at the option of the REIT on not more than 60 days' and not less than 30 days' prior written notice at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest up to

the date fixed for redemption. Subject to regulatory approval and other conditions, the REIT may, at its option, elect to satisfy its obligation to pay, in whole or in part, the principal amount of the 2018 Debentures that are to be redeemed or that have matured by issuing and delivering that number of freely tradable Units to the debentureholders obtained by dividing the principal amount of the 2018 Debentures being repaid by 95% of the Current Market Price on the date of redemption or maturity, as applicable.

NOTE 7

CLASS B LP UNITS

On April 18, 2012, the REIT issued 17,223,090 Class B LP Units to Morguard for \$172,231. The Class B LP Units are non-transferable, except under certain circumstances, but are exchangeable on a one-for-one basis into Units of the REIT at any time at the option of the holder. Prior to such exchange, distributions are made on the Class B LP Units in an amount equivalent to the distribution that would have been made had the Units of the REIT been issued. Each Class B LP Unit was accompanied by a Special Voting Unit, which entitles the holder to receive notice of, attend and vote at all meetings of the Unitholders. There is no value assigned to the Special Voting Units.

As at March 31, 2020, the REIT valued the Class B LP Units based on the closing price of the TSX-listed Units, which resulted in a fair value liability of \$230,617 (December 31, 2019 - \$318,455) and a corresponding fair value gain for the three months ended March 31, 2020 of \$87,838 (2019 - loss of \$20,668).

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, distributions on Class B LP Units amounting to \$3,012 (2019 - \$2,924) are included in interest expense (Note 12).

As at March 31, 2020, and December 31, 2019, there were 17,223,090 Class B LP Units issued and outstanding.

NOTE 8

MORGUARD FACILITY

The REIT has an unsecured revolving credit facility with Morguard (the "Morguard Facility") that provides for borrowings or advances that can be drawn or advanced either in Canadian dollars or an equivalent amount in United States dollars subject to the availability of sufficient funds. If in Canadian dollars, interest will be calculated either at the Canadian prime lending rate or at the bankers' acceptance rate plus 1.8%. If the borrowing or advance is in United States dollars, interest will be calculated either at the United States prime lending rate or at the United States dollar London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 1.7%. The maximum allowable to be borrowed or advanced under the Morguard Facility is \$100,000.

As at March 31, 2020, the net amount receivable under the Morguard Facility was \$1,553, comprising an amount receivable of US\$10,681 and a payable of \$13,600. As at December 31, 2019, the amount receivable under the Morguard Facility was \$19,972, comprising an amount receivable of US\$10,681 and a receivable of \$6,100.

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the REIT earned net interest income \$131 (2019 - net interest expense of \$2) on the Morguard Facility.

NOTE 9

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consist of the following:

| As at | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|-----------------|-------------------|
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$46,828 | \$37,164 |
| Tenant deposits | 11,829 | 11,263 |
| Lease liability | 10,144 | 9,286 |
| | \$68,801 | \$57,713 |
| Current | \$58,657 | \$48,427 |
| Non-current | 10,144 | 9,286 |
| | \$68,801 | \$57,713 |

Future minimum lease payments under the lease liability are as follows:

| As at | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|-----------------|-------------------|
| Within 12 months | \$365 | \$444 |
| 2 to 5 years | 1,959 | 1,793 |
| Over 5 years | 12,812 | 11,729 |
| Total minimum lease payments | 15,136 | 13,966 |
| Less: Future interest costs | (4,992) | (4,680) |
| Present value of minimum lease payments | \$10,144 | \$9,286 |

NOTE 10

UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY

(a) Units

The REIT is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Units. Each Unit confers the right to one vote at any meeting of Unitholders and to participate *pro rata* in the distributions by the REIT and, in the event of termination or winding-up of the REIT, in the net assets of the REIT. The Unitholders have the right to require the REIT to redeem their Units on demand subject to certain conditions. The Units have no par value. Upon receipt of the redemption notice by the REIT, all rights to and under the Units tendered for redemption will cease and the holder thereof will be entitled to receive a price per Unit ("Redemption Price") as determined by a formula outlined in the Declaration of Trust. The Redemption Price will be paid in accordance with the conditions provided for in the Declaration of Trust.

The Trustees have discretion with respect to the timing and amounts of distributions.

(b) Normal Course Issuer Bids

On December 18, 2019, the REIT obtained the approval of the TSX under its normal course issuer bid ("NCIB") to purchase up to 2,953,852 Units, being approximately 10% of the public float of outstanding Units; the program expires on December 20, 2020. The daily repurchase restriction for the Units is 17,964. Additionally, the REIT may purchase up to \$8,050 principal amount of the 2018 Debentures, being 10% of the public float of outstanding 2018 Debentures. The daily repurchase restriction for the 2018 Debentures is \$11. The price that the REIT would pay for any such Units or 2018 Debentures would be the market price at the time of acquisition.

There were no repurchases of Units under the REIT's NCIB plan for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019.

(c) Special Voting Units

The REIT is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Special Voting Units. The Declaration of Trust and the exchange agreement provide for the issuance of the Special Voting Units, which have no economic entitlement in the REIT or in the distribution or assets of the REIT, but are used to provide voting rights proportionate to the votes of the Units to holders of securities exchangeable into Units, including the Class B LP Units. Each Special Voting Unit is not transferable separately from the Class B LP Unit to which it is attached and will be automatically redeemed and cancelled upon exchange of the attached Class B LP Unit into a Unit.

(d) Units Outstanding

The following table summarizes the changes in Units for the period from December 31, 2018, to March 31, 2020:

| Issued and Fully Paid Units | Units | Amount |
|--|-------------------|------------------|
| Balance, December 31, 2018 | 33,722,880 | \$368,431 |
| Issuance of Units for cash, net of costs | 5,226,200 | 99,591 |
| Units issued under the DRIP | 30,622 | 563 |
| Balance, December 31, 2019 | 38,979,702 | 468,585 |
| Units issued under the DRIP | 8,711 | 162 |
| Balance, March 31, 2020 | 38,988,413 | \$468,747 |

On August 28, 2019, the REIT completed an offering for 5,226,200 Units sold for a price of \$19.75 per Unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$103,217 (the "Offering"). The net proceeds of the Offering, after underwriters' commission and other closing costs totalling \$3,626, was \$99,591. Morguard purchased 1,269,000 of the Units offered amounting to \$25,063.

Total distributions declared during the three months ended March 31, 2020, amounted to \$6,819, or \$0.1749 per Unit (2019 - \$5,727, or \$0.1698 per Unit), including distributions payable of \$2,273 that were declared on March 13, 2020, and paid on April 15, 2020. On April 15, 2020, the REIT declared a distribution of \$0.0583 per Unit payable on May 15, 2020.

(e) Distribution Reinvestment Plan

Under the REIT's Distribution Reinvestment Plan ("DRIP"), Unitholders can elect to reinvest cash distributions into additional Units at a weighted average closing price of the Units on the TSX for the five trading days immediately preceding the applicable date of distribution. During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the REIT issued 8,711 Units under the DRIP (December 31, 2019 - 30,622 Units).

(f) Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The accumulated other comprehensive income consists of the following amounts:

| As at | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|------------------|-------------------|
| Unrealized foreign currency translation gain | \$148,927 | \$84,123 |
| Balance, end of period | \$148,927 | \$84,123 |

NOTE 11

RENTAL INCOME

The components of revenue from real estate properties are as follows:

| For the three months ended March 31 | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Rental income | \$30,104 | \$29,626 |
| Property management and ancillary income | 23,062 | 23,417 |
| Property tax and insurance | 9,131 | 9,215 |
| | \$62,297 | \$62,258 |

NOTE 12

INTEREST EXPENSE

The components of interest expense are as follows:

| For the three months ended March 31 | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Interest on mortgages | \$10,175 | \$10,401 |
| Interest and tax payment on Class C LP Units | 922 | 933 |
| Interest on the convertible debentures (Note 6) | 954 | 954 |
| Interest on lease liability | 116 | 100 |
| Amortization of deferred financing costs | 663 | 733 |
| Amortization of deferred financing costs on the convertible debentures | 151 | 155 |
| Fair value loss (gain) on conversion option on the convertible debentures | (3,127) | 1,352 |
| Loss on extinguishment of mortgages payable | — | 491 |
| | 9,854 | 15,119 |
| Distributions on Class B LP Units (Note 7) | 3,012 | 2,924 |
| | \$12,866 | \$18,043 |

NOTE 13

TRUST EXPENSES

The components of trust expenses are as follows:

| For the three months ended March 31 | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Asset management fees and distributions | \$3,267 | \$2,873 |
| Professional fees | 272 | 280 |
| Public company expenses | 185 | 180 |
| Other | 144 | 133 |
| | \$3,868 | \$3,466 |

NOTE 14

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the related party transactions disclosed in Notes 5, 6, 7, 8 and 10(d), related party transactions also include the following:

Agreements with Morguard Affiliates

The REIT, the Partnership and its subsidiaries entered into a series of agreements (the "Agreements") with certain Morguard affiliates whereby the following services are provided by Morguard's affiliates under the direction of the REIT:

Property Management

Pursuant to the Agreements, Morguard's affiliates administer the day-to-day operations of the Canadian and U.S. income producing properties, for which Morguard's affiliates receive partnership fees and distributions equal to 3.5% of gross property revenue of the income producing properties, payable monthly. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, fees and distributions amounting to \$2,298 (2019 - \$2,186) are included in property operating costs and equity income (loss) from investments. As at March 31, 2020, \$671 (December 31, 2019 - \$595) is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Asset Management

Pursuant to the Agreements, Morguard's affiliates have certain duties and responsibilities for the strategic management and administration of the Partnership and its subsidiaries, for which they receive partnership fees and distributions equal to 0.25% of the Partnership's gross book value defined as acquisition cost of the REIT's assets plus: (i) fair value adjustments; and (ii) accumulated amortization on property, plant and equipment. In addition, an annual fee and distribution is calculated in arrears, determined by multiplying 15% of the Partnership's funds from operations in excess of \$0.66 per Unit. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, fees and distributions amounting to \$3,433 (2019 - \$2,927) and are included in trust expenses and equity income (loss) from investments. As at March 31, 2020, \$2,088 (December 31, 2019 - \$5,711) is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Acquisition

Pursuant to the Agreements, Morguard's affiliates are entitled to receive partnership fees with respect to properties acquired, directly or indirectly, by the REIT from third parties, and the fees are to be paid upon the closing of the purchase of each such property. The fees range from 0% of the purchase price paid for properties acquired directly or indirectly from Morguard, including entities controlled by Morguard, up to 0.75% of the purchase price paid for properties acquired from third parties. There were no fees relating to acquisition services for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019.

Financing

Pursuant to the Agreements, with respect to arranging for financing services, Morguard's affiliates are entitled to receive partnership fees equal to 0.15% of the principal amount and associated costs (excluding mortgage premiums) of any debt financing or refinancing. There were no fees relating to financing services for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019.

Development

Pursuant to the Agreements, Morguard's affiliates are entitled to receive partnership fees equal to 1.00% of development costs, where such costs exceed \$1,000 and are incurred in connection with: (i) the construction, enlargement or reconstruction of any building, erection, plant, equipment or improvement on a property; or (ii) any refurbishing, additions, upgrading or restoration of or renovations to existing buildings, erections, plant, equipment or improvements, including redevelopments, other than repair and maintenance in the ordinary course of business. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, fees relating to development services amounting to \$15 (2019 - \$12) are included in property under development. As at March 31, 2020, \$10 (December 31, 2019 - \$22) is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Other Services

As at March 31, 2020, the REIT had its portfolio appraised by Morguard's appraisal division. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, fees relating to appraisal services amounted to \$53 (2019 - \$58) and are included in trust expenses.

NOTE 15

INCOME TAXES

(a) Canadian Status

The REIT is a “mutual fund trust” pursuant to the Act. Under current tax legislation, a mutual fund trust that is not a Specified Investment Flow-Through (“SIFT”) Trust pursuant to the Act is entitled to deduct distributions of taxable income such that it is not liable to pay income taxes provided that its taxable income is fully distributed to Unitholders. The REIT intends to continue to qualify as a mutual fund trust that is not a SIFT Trust and to make distributions not less than the amount necessary to ensure that the REIT will not be liable to pay income taxes.

(b) U.S. Status

Certain of the REIT’s operations or a portion thereof are conducted through its taxable U.S. subsidiaries, which are subject to U.S. federal and state corporate income taxes.

As at March 31, 2020, the U.S. subsidiaries of the REIT have total net operating losses of approximately US\$30,343 (December 31, 2019 - US\$29,234) of which no deferred tax assets were recognized as it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against such losses of which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. The net operating losses expire in various years commencing in 2032.

As at March 31, 2020, the U.S. subsidiaries of the REIT have total net operating losses of approximately US\$10,382 (December 31, 2019 - US\$5,782) of which deferred tax assets were recognized. The net operating losses can be carried forward indefinitely.

As at March 31, 2020, the REIT’s U.S. subsidiaries have a total of US\$1,652 (December 31, 2019 - US\$9,206) of unutilized interest expense deductions on which deferred tax assets were recognized.

NOTE 16

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Items Not Affecting Cash

| For the three months ended March 31 | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| Fair value loss (gain) on real estate properties, net | \$6,567 | (\$11,189) |
| Fair value loss (gain) on Class B LP Units | (87,838) | 20,668 |
| Fair value loss (gain) on conversion option on the convertible debentures | (3,127) | 1,352 |
| Equity loss (income) from investment | 896 | (553) |
| Amortization of deferred financing - mortgages | 588 | 658 |
| Amortization of deferred financing - Class C LP Units | 75 | 75 |
| Amortization of deferred financing - convertible debentures | 151 | 155 |
| Present value adjustment of tax liability on Class C LP Units | 143 | 140 |
| Loss on extinguishment of mortgages payable | — | 491 |
| Amortization of tenant incentives | 274 | 281 |
| Deferred income taxes | 2,709 | (1,029) |
| | (\$79,562) | \$11,049 |

(b) Net Change in Non-cash Operating Assets and Liabilities

| For the three months ended March 31 | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|-------------------|------------------|
| Amounts receivable | (\$825) | \$321 |
| Prepaid expenses | (1,756) | (3,731) |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | (9,835) | (2,828) |
| | (\$12,416) | (\$6,238) |

(c) Supplemental Cash Flow Information

| For the three months ended March 31 | 2020 | 2019 |
|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Interest paid | \$12,667 | \$13,289 |

(d) Reconciliation of Liabilities Arising from Financing Activities

The following provides a reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

| As at March 31, 2020 | Mortgages Payable and Class C LP Units | Convertible Debentures | Lease Liability | Total |
|-------------------------------|--|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| Balance, beginning of period | \$1,230,305 | \$86,398 | \$9,286 | \$1,325,989 |
| Repayments | (6,082) | — | — | (6,082) |
| Non-cash changes | 806 | (2,976) | — | (2,170) |
| Foreign exchange | 73,359 | — | 858 | 74,217 |
| Balance, end of period | \$1,298,388 | \$83,422 | \$10,144 | \$1,391,954 |

NOTE 17

MANAGEMENT OF CAPITAL

Refer to the REIT's audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2019 for an explanation of the REIT's capital management policy.

The total managed capital for the REIT as at March 31, 2020, and December 31, 2019, is summarized below:

| As at | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| Mortgages payable, principal balance | \$1,223,813 | \$1,154,960 |
| Class C LP Units and present value of tax payment, principal balance | 86,645 | 87,483 |
| Convertible debentures, face value | 85,500 | 85,500 |
| Lease liability | 10,144 | 9,286 |
| Class B LP Units | 230,617 | 318,455 |
| Unitholders' equity | 1,290,952 | 1,136,363 |
| | \$2,927,671 | \$2,792,047 |

The REIT's debt ratios compared to its borrowing limits established in the Declaration of Trust are outlined in the table below:

| As at | Borrowing Limits | March 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Total debt to gross book value | 70% | 44.0% | 44.1% |
| Floating-rate debt to gross book value | 20% | —% | —% |

NOTE 18

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Refer to the REIT's audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2019 for an explanation of the REIT's risk management policy as it relates to financial instruments.

Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The fair values of cash, restricted cash, amounts receivable, the Morguard Facility and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying values due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

Mortgages payable and Class C LP Units, lease liability and the convertible debentures are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method of amortization. The estimated fair values of long-term borrowings have been determined based on market information, where available, or by discounting future payments of interest and principal at estimated interest rates expected to be available to the REIT.

The fair values of the mortgages payable and Class C LP Units have been determined by discounting the cash flows of these financial obligations using March 31, 2020, market rates for debts of similar terms (Level 2). Based on these assumptions, as at March 31, 2020, the fair values of the mortgages payable and Class C LP Units before deferred financing costs and present value of tax payment are estimated at \$1,260,630 and \$78,979, (December 31, 2019 - \$1,181,206 and \$79,914), respectively. The fair values of the mortgages payable and Class C LP Units vary from their carrying values due to fluctuations in market interest rates since their issue.

The fair value of the convertible debentures are based on their market trading price (Level 1). As at March 31, 2020, the fair value of the convertible debentures before deferred financing costs has been estimated at \$77,805 (December 31, 2019 - \$91,400), compared with the carrying value of \$85,223 (December 31, 2019 - \$85,223).

The fair value of the Class B LP Units is equal to the market trading price of the Units.

The fair value hierarchy of real estate properties and financial instruments measured at fair value on the consolidated balance sheets is as follows:

| | March 31, 2020 | | | December 31, 2019 | | |
|---|----------------|---------|-------------|-------------------|---------|-------------|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Real estate properties | \$— | \$— | \$3,039,139 | \$— | \$— | \$2,872,658 |
| Financial liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Class B LP Units | 230,617 | — | — | 318,455 | — | — |
| Conversion option of the convertible debentures | — | 345 | — | — | 3,472 | — |

The REIT's convertible debentures have no restrictive covenants.

NOTE 19

SEGMENTED INFORMATION

All of the REIT's assets and liabilities are in, and their revenue is derived from, the Canadian and U.S. multi-suite residential real estate segments. The Canadian properties are located in the provinces of Alberta and Ontario, and the U.S. properties are located in the states of Colorado, Texas, Louisiana, Illinois, Georgia, Florida, North Carolina and Virginia. No single tenant accounts for 10% or more of the REIT's total revenue. The REIT is separated into two reportable segments, Canada and the United States. The REIT has applied judgment by aggregating its operating segments according to the nature of the property operations. Such judgment considers the nature of operations, types of customers and an expectation that operating segments within a reportable segment have similar long-term economic characteristics.

Additional information with respect to each reportable segment is outlined below:

| For the years ended | March 31, 2020 | | | March 31, 2019 | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| | Canada | U.S. | Total | Canada | U.S. | Total |
| Revenue from real estate properties | \$23,710 | \$38,587 | \$62,297 | \$23,033 | \$39,225 | \$62,258 |
| Property operating expenses | (9,849) | (35,158) | (45,007) | (10,275) | (35,146) | (45,421) |
| Net operating income | \$13,861 | \$3,429 | \$17,290 | \$12,758 | \$4,079 | \$16,837 |

| As at | March 31, 2020 | | | December 31, 2019 | | |
|--|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Canada | U.S. | Total | Canada | U.S. | Total |
| Real estate properties | \$1,276,620 | \$1,762,519 | \$3,039,139 | \$1,276,620 | \$1,596,038 | \$2,872,658 |
| Mortgages payable and Class C LP Units | \$430,999 | \$867,389 | \$1,298,388 | \$434,746 | \$795,559 | \$1,230,305 |

| For the years ended | March 31, 2020 | | | March 31, 2019 | | |
|--|----------------|----------|----------|----------------|---------|----------|
| | Canada | U.S. | Total | Canada | U.S. | Total |
| Additions to real estate properties | \$2,634 | \$5,158 | \$7,792 | \$1,304 | \$3,982 | \$5,286 |
| Fair value gain (loss) on real estate properties | (\$2,617) | \$13,074 | \$10,457 | \$17,995 | \$9,838 | \$27,833 |

NOTE 20

SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Beginning March 2020, the outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus, specifically identified as "COVID-19", has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to contain the spread of the virus. These measures, which include the implementation of travel bans, self-imposed quarantine periods, self-isolation, physical and social distancing and restrictions or closures of non-essential businesses, have caused material

disruption to businesses in North America and globally which has resulted in an uncertain and challenging economic environment that could negatively impact the REIT's operations and financial results in future periods. Given the unprecedented and pervasive impact of changing circumstances surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic, there is inherently more uncertainty associated with our future operating assumptions and expectations as compared to prior periods. As such, it is not possible to estimate the impacts COVID19 will have on the REIT's financial position or results of operations in future periods.

At this time, the duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic is unknown, as is the effectiveness of the government and central bank interventions. Any estimate of the length and severity of these measures are therefore subject to significant uncertainty, and accordingly estimates of the extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic may, directly or indirectly, materially and adversely affect the REIT's operations, financial results and condition in future periods are also subject to significant uncertainty.

Subsequent to March 31, 2020, the REIT collected approximately 94.8% (95.0% in Canada / 94.7% in the U.S.) of April rental revenue which is materially in line with historical collection rates. The REIT has implemented a rent deferral program for our residential tenants who are financially constrained due to the impact of the COVID-19. The REIT is actively working with tenants on a case-by-case basis on rent deferral arrangements and commencing with April's rental payment, the REIT has waived the collection of recent rental increases and late fees and will suspend collection of further rental increases during this period of crisis. Currently less than 4% of tenants have requested deferred payment plans.

These condensed consolidated financial statements use the same accounting policies and methods of their application as the most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements which include the significant accounting policies most affected by estimates and judgments. Management believes it is currently not possible to estimate the impacts COVID-19 will have in determining estimates of fair market value for the REIT's income producing properties and the valuation of financial instruments.